# **5-SPEED MANUAL TRANSAXLE**

GENERAL INFORMATION	08-247	Disassemble	08-279
Description	08-247	Assemble	08-281
Operation	08-250	Inspection	08-285
Specifications	08-251	Output Shaft	08-287
Special Tools	08-253	Disassemble	08-287
		Assemble	08-290
DIAGNOSIS & TESTING	08-259		
Abnormal Noise	08-259	Output Gear For Reverse Gear	08-296
Symptom Diagnostics	08-259	Disassemble	08-296
		Inspection	08-296
ON-VEHICLE SERVICE	08-260	5th-Reverse Gear Shift Fork	08-297
Manual Transaxle Assembly	08-260	Disassemble	08-297
Removal & Installation	08-260	Assemble	08-298
	00 200	Out 4th Ocean Obits Foot	00.000
Gear Selector & Shifter Assembly	08-264	3rd-4th Gear Shift Fork	08-298
Removal & Installation	08-264	Disassemble	08-298
Disassembly	08-267	Assemble	08-299
Assembly	08-268	1st-2nd Gear Shift Fork	08-299
		Disassemble	08-299
MANUAL TRANSAXLE UNIT REPAIR	08-270	Assembly	08-300
Transaxle	08-270	Transaxle Clutch Housing Assembly	08-301
Specifications	08-270	Disassemble	08-301
Disassembly	08-270	Assembly	08-303
Inspection	08-274		
Assembly	08-275	Transaxle Main Housing Assembly	08-305
Input Shaft	08-278	Assembly	08-305
Specifications	08-278		
Specifications	00-270		

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# **Description**

The QR523 five-speed transaxle is a constant-mesh manual transaxle that is synchronized in all gear ranges, including reverse.

The transaxle consists of three major sub-assemblies:

- Input shaft
- Output shaft
- · Differential transaxle assembly

The transaxle shift system consists of the following components:

- Mechanical shift cover
- Shift rails
- · Shift forks

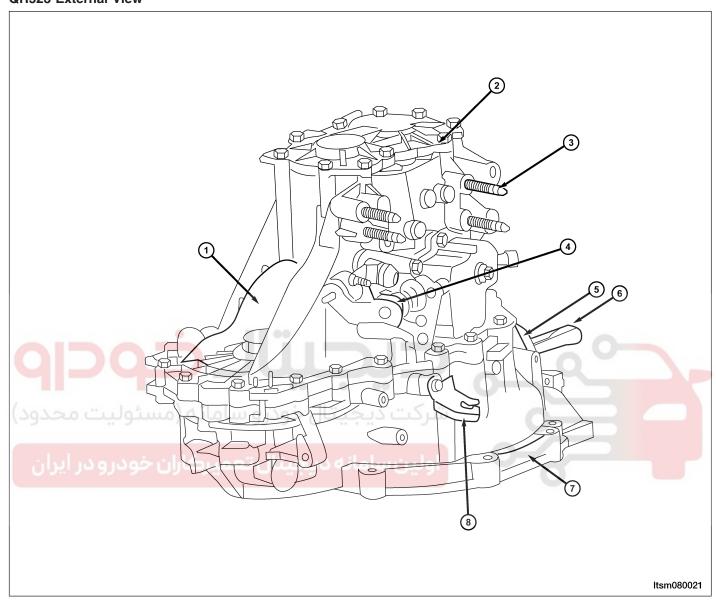




80

· Shift cables

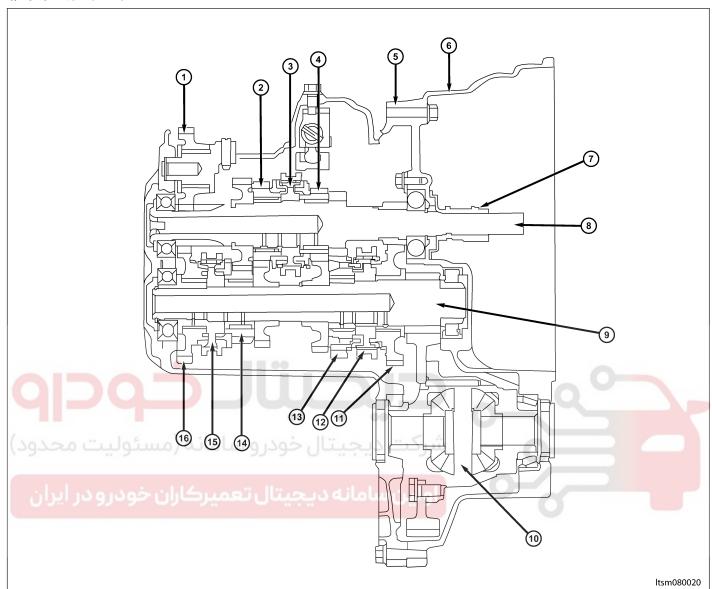
#### **QR523 External View**



- 1 Transaxle Housing Assembly
- 2 Bearing Cap Assembly
- 3 Stud Bolt
- 4 Gear-Shifting Mechanism Assembly

- 5 Release Fork Dust Boot
- 6 Release Fork
- 7 Clutch Housing Assembly
- 8 Hydraulic Clutch Line Bracket

#### **QR523 Internal View**



- 1 Idler Assembly
- 2 Pinion Gear, 4th Gear
- 3 3rd-4th Gear Synchronizer
- 4 Pinion Gear, 3rd Gear
- 5 Transaxle Housing
- 6 Clutch Housing
- 7 Release Bearing Saddle
- 8 Input Shaft

- 9 Output Shaft
- 10 Differential Assembly
- 11 Driven Gear of 1st Gear
- 12 1st-2nd Gear Synchronizer
- 13 Driven Gear, 2nd Gear
- 14 Driven Gear, 5th Gear
- 15 Synchronizer of 5th-Gear and Reserve Gear
- 16 Gear, Reverse Gear

## **Operation**

The following are the details of the manual transaxle:

#### Neutra

Engine power is transmitted to the input shaft via the clutch assembly and the input shaft turns. Since no synchronizers are engaged on either the input or output shafts, power is not transmitted to the output shaft and the differential does not turn.

### 1st Gear

Engine power is transmitted to the input shaft via the clutch assembly and the input shaft turns. The input shaft first gear is integral to the input shaft, and is in constant mesh with the intermediate shaft first speed gear. Because of this constant mesh, the output shaft first speed gear freewheels until first gear is selected. As the gearshift lever is moved to the first gear position, the 1-2 fork moves the 1-2 synchronizer sleeve towards first gear on the output shaft. The synchronizer sleeve engages the first gear clutch teeth, engaging the gear to the output shaft, and allowing power to transmit through the output shaft to the differential.

#### 2nd Gear

Engine power is transmitted to the input shaft via the clutch assembly and the input shaft turns. The input shaft second gear is integral to the input shaft, and is in constant mesh with the output shaft second speed gear. Because of this constant mesh, the output shaft second speed gear freewheels until second gear is selected. As the gearshift lever is moved to the second gear position, the 1-2 fork moves the 1-2 synchronizer sleeve towards second gear on the output shaft. The synchronizer sleeve engages the second gear clutch teeth, engaging the gear to the output shaft, and allowing power to transmit through the output shaft to the differential.

#### 3rd Gear

Engine power is transmitted to the input shaft via the clutch assembly and the input shaft turns. The input shaft third speed gear is in constant mesh with the output shaft 3-4 cluster gear which is fixed to the output shaft. Because of this constant mesh, the input shaft third speed gear freewheels until third gear is selected. As the gearshift lever is moved to the third gear position, the 3-4 fork moves the 3-4 synchronizer sleeve towards third gear on the input shaft. The synchronizer sleeve engages the third gear clutch teeth, engaging the gear to the input shaft, and allowing power to transmit through the output shaft to the differential.

# اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در <sub>4th</sub> Gear

Engine power is transmitted to the input shaft via the clutch assembly and the input shaft turns. The input shaft fourth speed gear is in constant mesh with the output shaft 3-4 cluster gear which is fixed to the output shaft. Because of this constant mesh, the input shaft fourth speed gear freewheels until fourth gear is selected. As the gearshift lever is moved to the fourth gear position, the 3-4 fork moves the 3-4 synchronizer sleeve towards fourth gear on the input shaft. The synchronizer sleeve engages the fourth gear clutch teeth, engaging the gear to the input shaft, and allowing power to transmit through the output shaft to the differential.

#### 5th Gear

Engine power is transmitted to the input shaft via the clutch assembly and the input shaft turns. The input shaft fifth speed gear is pressed on to the input shaft, and is in constant mesh with the output shaft fifth speed gear. Because of this constant mesh, the output shaft fifth speed gear freewheels until fifth gear is selected. As the gearshift lever is moved to the fifth gear position, the 5-R fork moves the 5-R synchronizer sleeve towards the output shaft fifth speed gear. The synchronizer sleeve engages the fifth gear clutch teeth, engaging the gear to the input shaft, and allowing power to transmit through the output shaft to the differential.

#### **Reverse Gear**

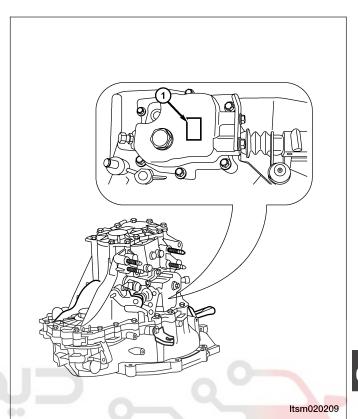
Engine power is transmitted to the input shaft via the clutch assembly and the input shaft turns. The input shaft reverse gear is integral to the input shaft, and is in constant mesh with the reverse idler gear. The reverse idler gear, which reverses the rotation of the output shaft, is in constant mesh with the output shaft reverse gear. Because of this constant mesh, the output shaft reverse gear freewheels until reverse gear is selected. As the gearshift lever is moved to the reverse gear position, the 5-R fork moves the 5-R synchronizer sleeve towards the output shaft reverse gear. The synchronizer sleeve engages the reverse gear clutch teeth, engaging the gear to the output shaft, and allowing power to transmit through the output shaft to the differential.

# 08

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **Transaxle Identification Number**

The transaxle serial number can be found on a metal tag (1) fastened to the transaxle case on the clutch housing. The third row data is the transaxle serial number.



# **Specifications**

# Maintenance Specifications من المرابط المالية والمحمدة المرابط المالية والمحمدة المالية المال

DESCRIPTION	ALLOWABLE RANGE (mm)	LIMIT VALUE (mm)
Axial Clearance Of Input Shaft Front Bearing	-0.01 - 0.21	-
Axial Clearance Of Input Shaft Rear Bearing	-0.01 - 0.12	-
Axial Clearance Of Input Shaft Fifth Gear	-0.01 - 0.09	-
Axial Clearance Of Output Shaft Front Bearing	-0.01 - 0.12	-
Axial Clearance Of Output Shaft Rear Bearing	-0.01 - 0.09	-
Axial Clearance Of Output Shaft Third Gear	-0.01 - 0.09	-
Back Clearance Of Differential Case Planetary Gear	0.025 - 0.150	-
Clearance Between The Gear And The Back Of Synchronizer Ring	-	0.05
Pretension Of Differential Case	0.05 - 0.11	-

## **Sealants and Adhesives**

DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED SEALANTS AND ADHESIVES	
Clutch Housing to Transaxle Housing		
Control Case to Transaxle Housing	Three Arrow 1216E	
Lower Head to Transaxle Housing		

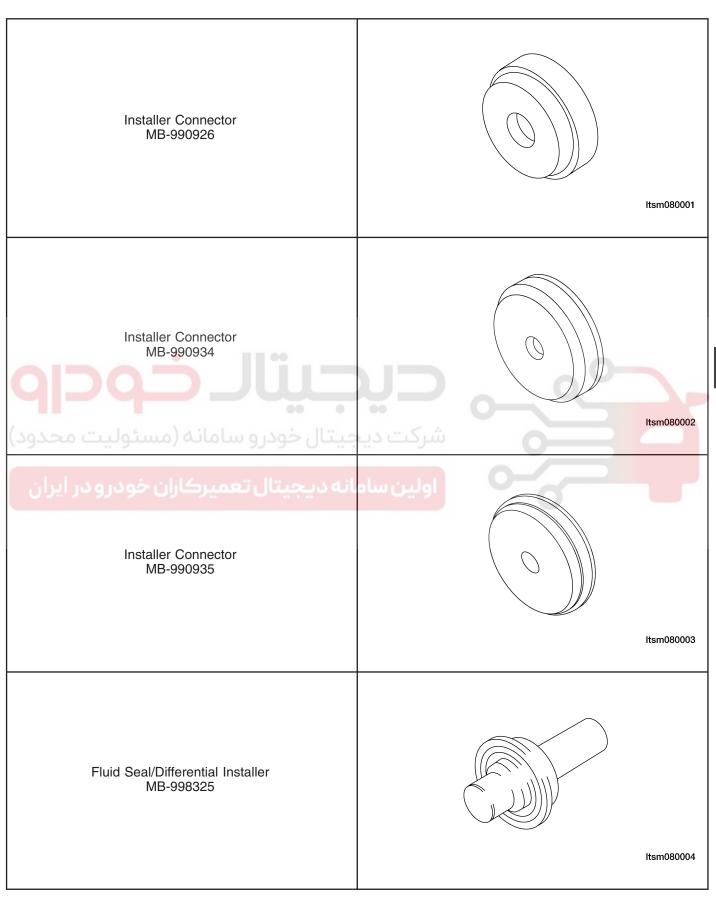
# **Torque Specifications**

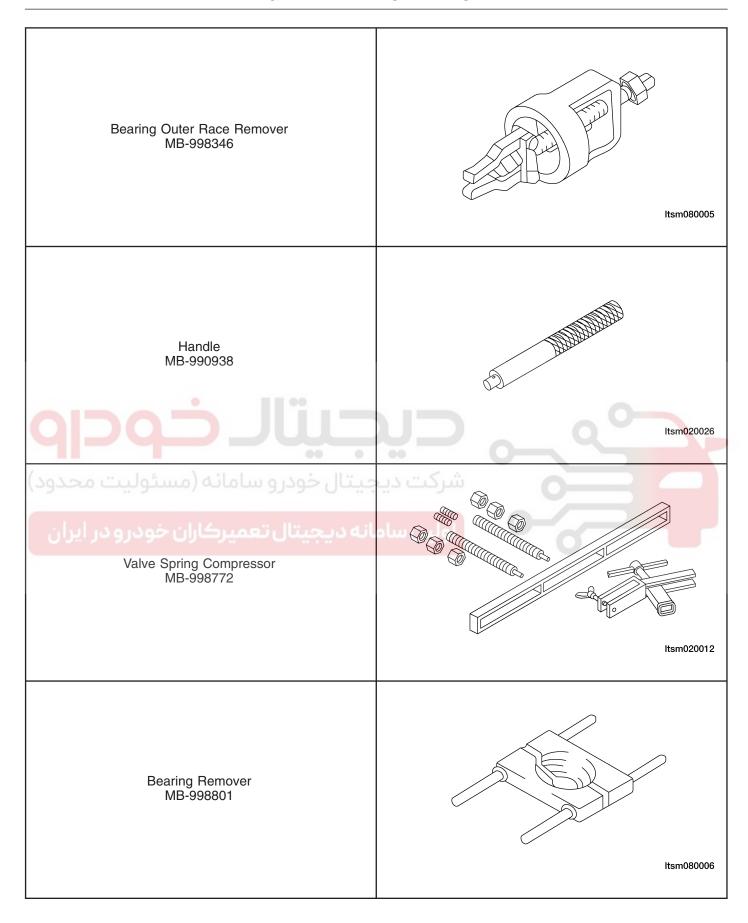
DESCRIPTION	TORQUE (N·m)
Bottom Cover-Transaxle Installation Bolts	6.2 - 7.6
Backup Lamp Switch	28.7 - 35.3
Clutch Housing-Transaxle Housing Installation Bolts	39.5 - 48.5
Clutch Release Bearing Saddle Retainer Installation Bolts	8.8 - 10.8
Gear-Shifting Mechanism Assembly Installation Bolts	16.1 - 19.9
Gear-Shifting Staying Wire Bracket Installation Bolts	16.1 - 19.9
Idling Gear Assembly Installation Bolts	43.1 - 52.9
Main Gearbox Driven Gear Installation Bolts	118.5 - 145.5
Speedometer Gear Installation Bolts	3.5 - 4.3

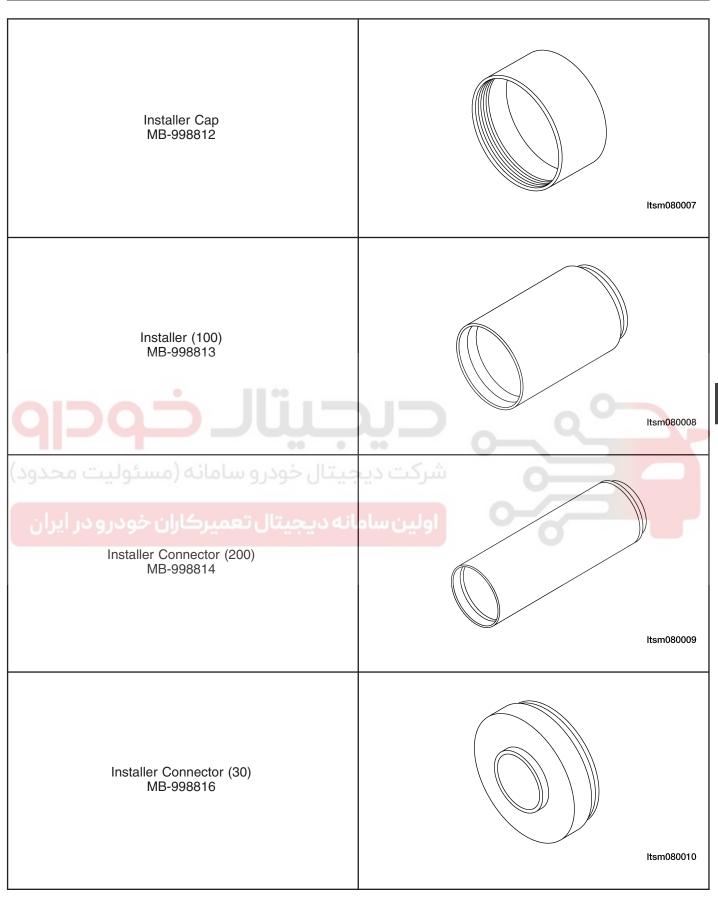
# **Technical Data**

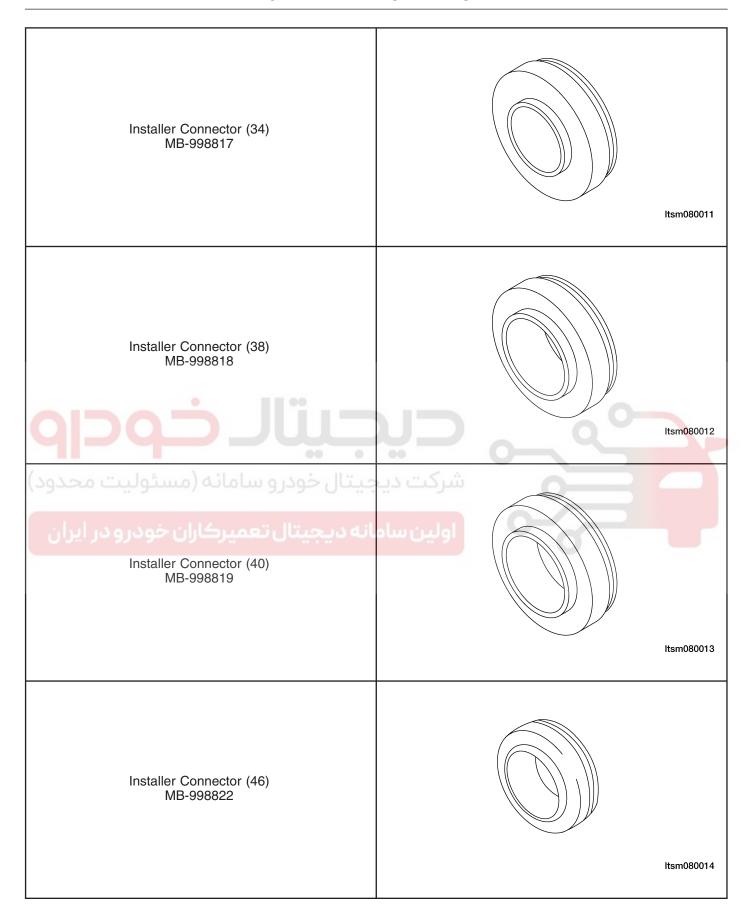
TYPE	MECHANICAL GEAR COUPLING		
Gear Position	Transaxle Ratio	Gear Ratio	
1st	3.583	43/12	
2nd	1.947	37/19	
3rd	1.379	40/29	
4th	1.030	34/33	
5th	0.820	32/39	
Reverse	3.363	37/11	
Final Drive	4.313	69/16	
Transaxle Fluid Type	GL-4 75W-90		
Transaxle Fluid Quantity	2.2 L		
Rated Torque	230 N⋅m		
Rated Speed	5500 RPM		
Rated Power	100 KW		
Center Distance	204 mm		
	Tooth number	20	
	Module	1.0583	
Input Shaft Spline	Pressure angle	30°	
	External diameter	ф22.224 mm (0/-0.3)	
	Inner diameter	φ19.675 mm (0/-0.2)	
Physical Dimension	398.5×522×355.7		

# **Special Tools**

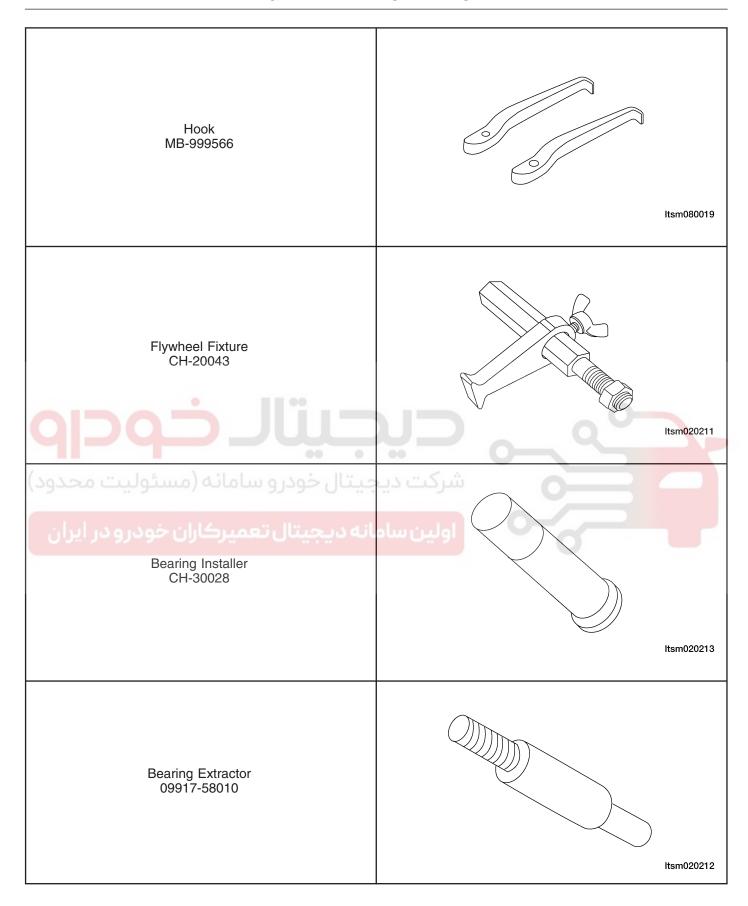












# 80

# **DIAGNOSIS & TESTING**

### **Abnormal Noise**

Transaxle noise is most often a result of worn or damaged components. Chipped, broken gear or synchronizer teeth, and worn bearings all cause noise.

Inspect the following:

- · Insufficient lubrication
- Incorrect lubricant
- Mis-assembled or damaged internal components
- · Improper operation

# **Symptom Diagnostics**

### **Hard Shifting**

• Hard shifting may be caused by a mis-adjusted crossover cable. If hard shifting is accompanied by gear clash, synchronizer clutch and stop rings or gear teeth may be worn or damaged.

## Slips Out Of Gear

• Transaxle disengagement may be caused by misaligned or damaged shift components, or worn teeth on the drive gears or synchronizer components. Incorrect transaxle assembly also causes gear disengagement.

#### **Low Lubricant Level**

- Insufficient transaxle lubricant is usually the result of leaks, or inaccurate fluid level check or refill method. Vehicle must be level to accurately check fluid level. Leakage is evident by the presence of fluid around the leak point. If leakage is not evident, the condition is probably the result of an under fill.
- If air-powered lubrication equipment is used to fill a transaxle, be sure the equipment is properly calibrated. Equipment out of calibration can lead to an under fill condition.

#### **Clutch Problems**

- · Worn, damaged, or misaligned clutch components can cause difficult shifting, gear clash, and noise.
- A worn or damaged clutch disc, pressure plate, or a faulty slave cylinder can cause hard shifting and gear clash.

# ولين سامانه ديجيتال تعميركاران حو Abnormal Noise

 Transaxle noise is most often a result of worn or damaged components. Chipped, broken gear or synchronizer teeth, and worn bearings all cause noise.

#### Inspect the following:

- Insufficient lubrication
- Incorrect lubricant
- Improperly assembled or damaged internal components

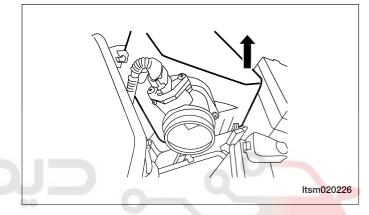
# **Manual Transaxle Assembly**

#### **Removal & Installation**

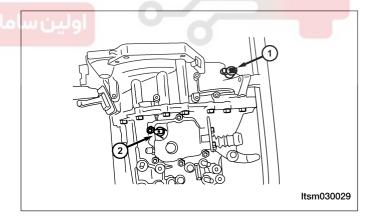
#### NOTE:

The following special tools are required to perform the repair procedure:

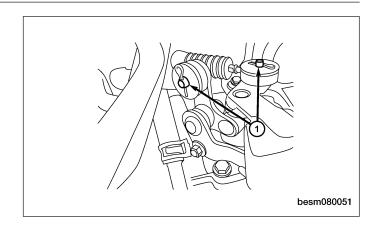
- MB-990938 Handle
- MB-990935 Installer Connector
- 1. Raise and support the vehicle.
- 2. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 3. Remove the battery and battery tray (See Battery Removal & Installation in Section 05 Starting & Charging).
- 4. Remove air cleaner and air duct.



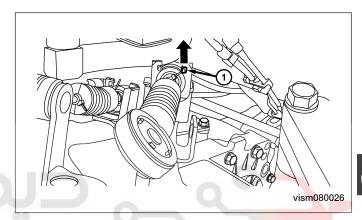
- 5. Drain the cooling system (See Cooling System Draining Procedure in Section 06 Cooling System).
- 6. Remove the base mounting of the air cleaner housing assembly.
- 7. Remove the backup lamp switch (2) and vehicle speed sensor (1).



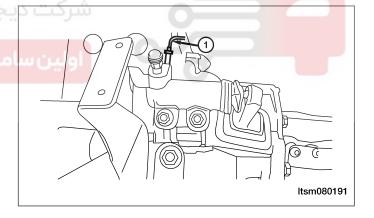
8. Remove the two shift cables (1) from the transaxle.



9. Remove the shift cable clamp (1) from the shift cable bracket.

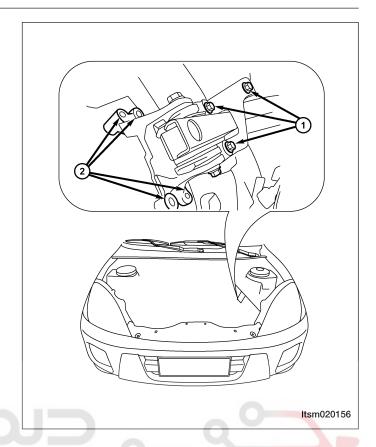


- 10. Remove the clutch master cylinder outlet pipe (1) from the clutch slave cylinder. (Tighten: Outlet pipe bolt to 17 ± 1 N·m)
- 11. Remove the starter motor (See Starter Removal & Installation in Section 05 Starting & Charging).
- 12. Support the engine using an engine support fixture or suitable jack.
- 13. Remove the engine to transaxle upper bolts and remove the bracket. (Tighten: Engine to transaxle upper bolts to 80 N·m)

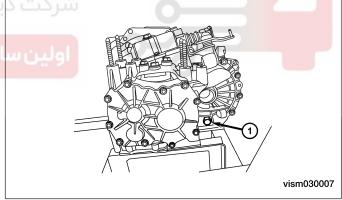


14. Remove transaxle mount nuts (2) and the transaxle mount bracket bolts (1).

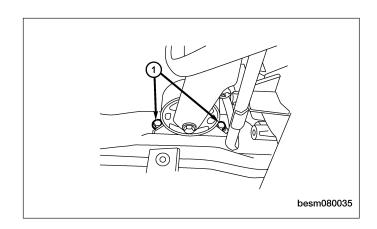
(Tighten: Transaxle mount nuts to 120 N·m)



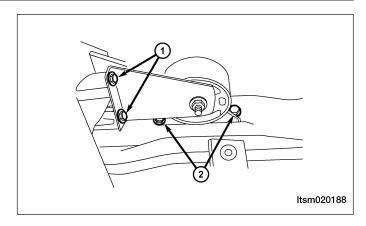
- 15. Raise the vehicle.
- 16. Remove the transaxle drain plug (1) and drain the transaxle fluid.



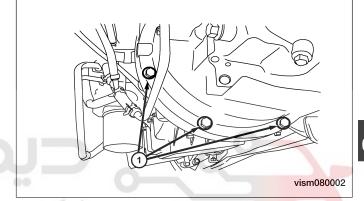
- 17. Remove both front axle shafts (See Front Axle Shaft Removal & Installation in Section 09 Driveline & Axle).
- 18. Remove the engine undercover and splash shields.
- 19. Remove the front engine mount bolts (1). (Tighten: Front mount bolts to 60 N·m)



20. Remove the rear engine mount bolts (2) and the rear engine mount bracket bolts (1). (Tighten: Rear mount bolts to 40 N·m)



- 21. Remove the sub-frame assembly (See Sub-Frame Assembly Removal & Installation in Section 10 Suspension).
- 22. Remove the engine to transaxle lower bolts (1). (Tighten: Transaxle mount bolts to 40 N·m)
- 23. Separate the transaxle from the engine and remove it from the vehicle.



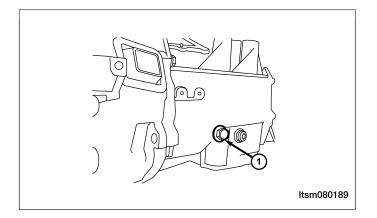
# **WARNING!**

Support the transaxle with a suitable jack while removing the transaxle.

24. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

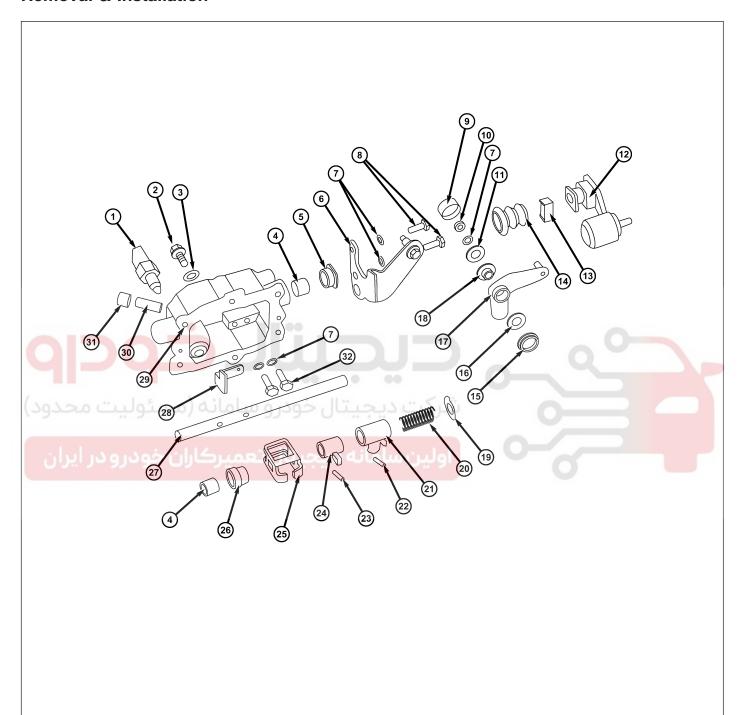
#### **Installation Notes:**

- Refill 2.2L transaxle fluid through the fill hole (1) until the fluid starts to leak from the fill hole.
- After installation, check for any fluid leakage and verify the transaxle fluid level is correct.



# **Gear Selector & Shifter Assembly**

# **Removal & Installation**

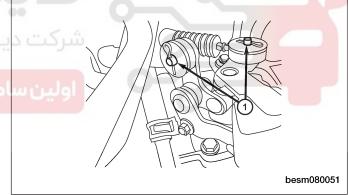


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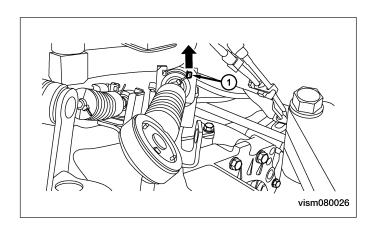
- 1 Backup Lamp Switch Assembly 2 - Limit Stop Screw-Interlocking Plate
- 3 Plain Washer-Interlocking Plate Limit Stop Screw
- 4 Bearing-Gear Shift Mechanism
- 5 Lower Lining Selector Lever
- 6 Selector Lever Assembly
- 7 Washer
- 8 Bolt
- 9 Upper Dust Boot Selector Lever
- 11 Plain Washer-Gear Selecting Arm Nu
- 12 Gear Shifting Arm Assembly
- 13 Gear Shifting Drive Slider
- 14 Dust Cap-Gear Shifting Shaft Fluid Seal
- 15 Lower Dust Cap-Gear Selecting Arm
- 16 Lower Bushing-Gear Selecting Arm

- 17 Gear Selecting Arm Assembly
- 18 Upper Bushing-Gear Selecting Arm
- 19 Baffle-Rear Neutral Position Return Spring
- 20 Rear Neutral Retracting Spring
- 21 Reverse Gear Lock Assembly
- 22 Reverse Gear Lock Assembly Pin
- 23 Selector Finger Pin
- 24 Selector Finger
- 25 Interlock Plate Assembly
- 26 Front Neutral Retracting Spring Assembly
- 27 Gearshift Shaft
- 28 Retainer-Reverse Gear Lock
- 29 Gear Shift Mechanism Housing
- 30 Air Duct
- 31 Air Duct Cap
- 32 Bolt

- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Remove the air cleaner housing assembly.
- 3. Remove the two shift cables (1) from the transaxle.

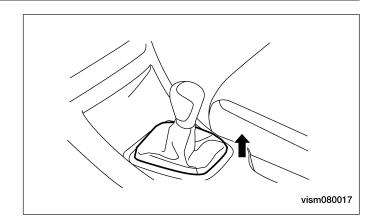


4. Remove the shift cable clamp (1) from the shift cable bracket.

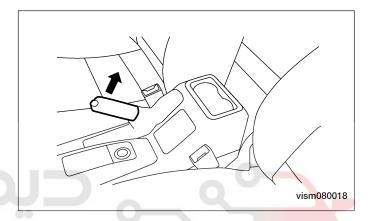


5. Raise and support the vehicle.

- 6. Remove the gearshift knob.
- 7. Remove the gearshift boot from the lower console.

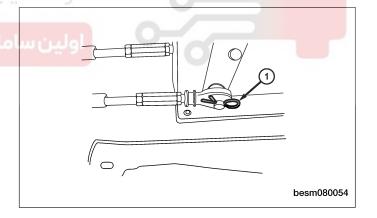


8. Apply the parking brake (apply parking brake handle to clear lower console upon removal).

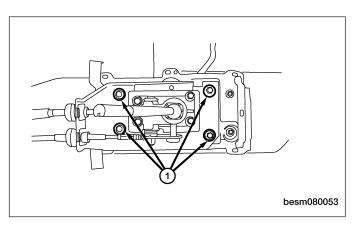


9. Remove the lower console (See Lower Console Removal & Installation in Section 15 Body & Accessories).

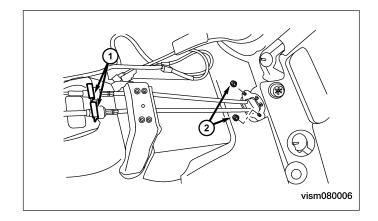
 Remove the clip on the gearshift mechanism and then remove the crossover cable and the selector cable (1) from the gearshift mechanism.



11. Remove the four bolts (1) and then remove the gearshift mechanism from the bracket.

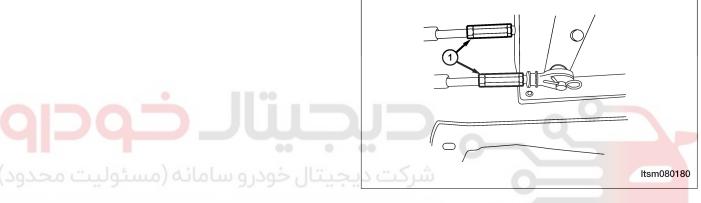


- 12. Remove the selector cable clamps (1) and bracket retaining bolts (2).
- 13. Remove the gear selector & shifter assembly.
- 14. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



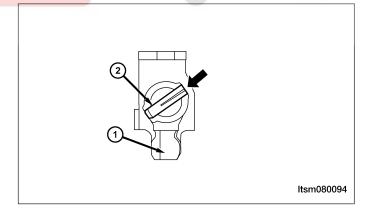
#### NOTE:

Selector cable can be adjusted with the adjusting bolt (1). Adjust bolts as needed to obtain proper cable adjustment.



# Disassembly

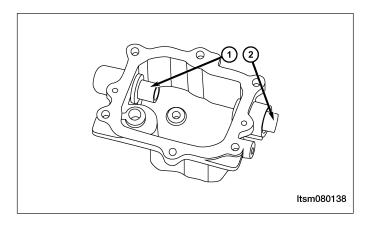
- 1. Drive out the locking selector finger (1) pin following the direction as shown in the diagram.
- 2. Drive out the locking pin (2) reverse gear lock assembly pin.
- 3. Remove all of the components from shaft.
- 4. Thoroughly clean and check all parts, replace any worn parts as necessary.



08

# **Assembly**

Carefully press and fit two gear shift mechanism
 (1) & (2) bearings to the corresponding position on
 the gear shift mechanism housing. The bearing (1)
 should be pressed to the end, both end faces of
 the bearing should align with the hole end faces of
 the housing bearing. The side of the bearing with
 letters should be placed outwards.

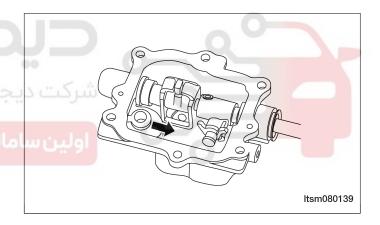


- 2. Press the air duct into the housing orifice to ensure the air duct is in the proper position.
- 3. Press and fit the fluid seal of the gearshift shaft into the fluid seal hole of the housing, ensure the fluid seal is pressed and fitted in position.

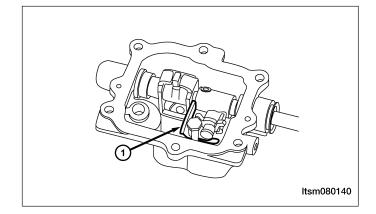
#### NOTE:

Apply transaxle fluid to the fluid lip seal.

- 4. Install the gearshift shaft through the fluid seal and into the housing of gear shift mechanism.
- 5. Following the direction of the arrow, install the rear neutral return spring stop, rear neutral return spring, reverse gear lock assembly, selector finger and interlock plate assembly, front neutral return spring assembly onto the gearshift shaft (as shown in the figure). Check the turn-down rims of rear neutral return spring stop, and ensure they have entered into corresponding vent groove of the housing. One end of main body of reverse gear lock with blind hole shall face rear neutral return spring stop. And the small end face of front neutral return spring assembly shall face towards selector finger.



- 6. Insert the gearshift shaft into the bearing.
- Install the reverse gear limiter lock mechanism (1)
   (as shown in the figure).
   (Tighten: Reverse gear limiter bolt to 22 N·m)

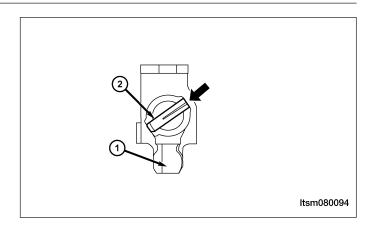


- 8. Install the gearshift fluid seal dust boot to the gearshift shaft fluid seal.
- 9. Install the gearshift lever assembly to the gearshift shaft, then press it in the pin hole of gearshift lever assembly, finally install the pin.

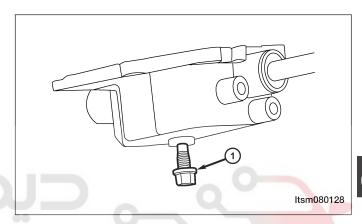
#### NOTE

Neither end of the pin is allowed to protrude beyond the two end surfaces of the pin holes.

10. Align the selector finger (1) and fork shaft spring pin (2), install the spring pin of selector finger (as shown by the arrow in the figure).

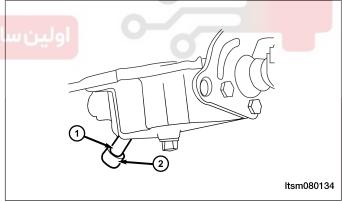


11. Tighten the interlock plate limit bolt (1) together with the shim to the housing (as shown in the figure). The tightening torque of the bolt is 30 N·m. Check front end circular cylinder of the bolt to ensure it is in the corresponding groove of selector finger.

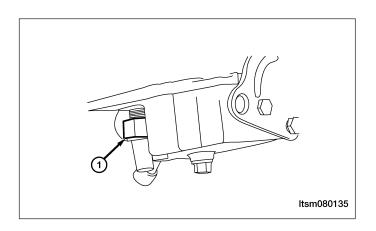


12. Check the gearshift shaft to ensure it is able to rotate and perform axial movement freely.

13. Install air duct (1) and air duct cap (2). Apply sealant to the surface of the inserted part of air duct.



14. Install the backup light switch assembly (1). (Tighten: Backup light switch to 32 N·m)



08

# **Transaxle**

# **Specifications**

# **Torque Specifications**

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE (N·m)
Gear Shift Mechanism Housing Bolt	18
Gear Positions Self-Locking Bolt	35
Reverse Gear Bolt	20
Reverse Gear Cap Bolt	20
Rear Transaxle Bearing End-Plate Bolt	6.9
Transaxle To Clutch Housing Bolt	44
Bearing Input Shaft Bolt	18

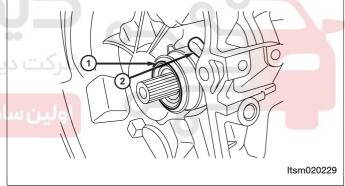
# **Disassembly**

- 1. Place the transaxle on a workbench.
- 2. Remove the clutch fork (2) and remove the release bearing (1).

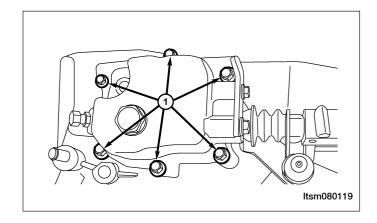
**NOTE:** The release bearing (1) is not serviceable.



بانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

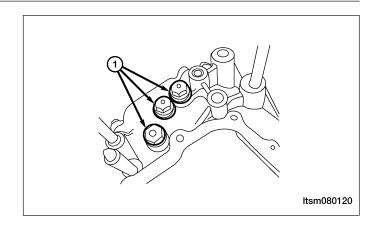


- Set the transaxle gear in the neutral position. Remove the gear shift mechanism housing retaining bolts (1), and remove the gear shift mechanism housing.
  - (Tighten: Gear shift mechanism housing bolts to 18 N·m)

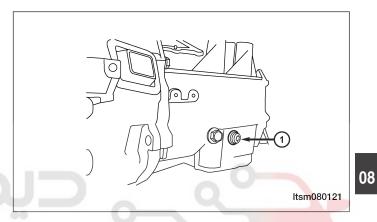


4. Remove the three gear positions self-locking bolts

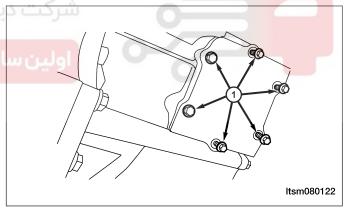
Tighten: Three gear positions self-locking bolts to 35 N·m)



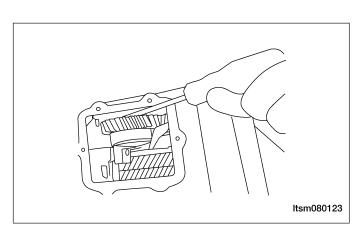
5. Remove the reverse gear bolt (1). (Tighten: Reverse gear bolt to 20 N·m)



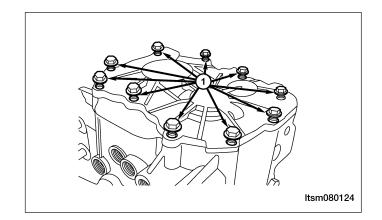
6. Remove the 6 reverse gear cap bolts (1), and remove the cap. (Tighten: Reverse gear cap bolts to 20 N·m)



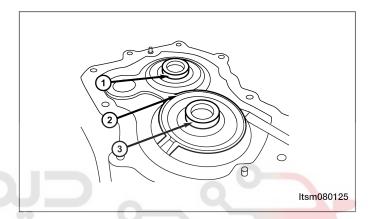
7. Gently pry the idler gear downward using a screw-driver, and then remove the idler gear assembly.



8. Remove the 10 rear transaxle bearing end-plate bolts (1), and then remove the bearing cap. (Tighten: Rear transaxle bearing end-plate bolts to 6.9 N·m)



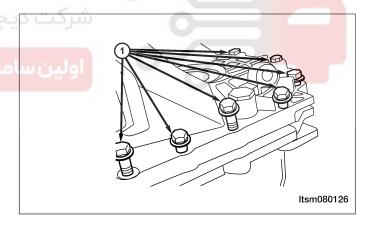
9. Remove shaft clip (3) and shaft clip (1) from the shafts, and then remove bearing collar (2).



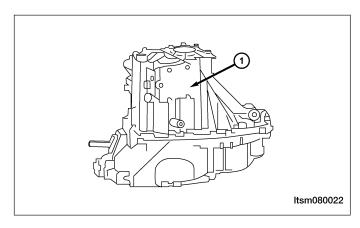
10. Remove the transayle to clutch housing helts (1)

10. Remove the transaxle to clutch housing bolts (1), and then use a pry bar to remove the transaxle housing.

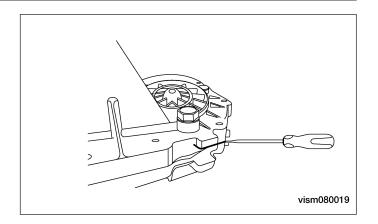
(Tighten: Transaxle to clutch housing bolts to 44 N·m)



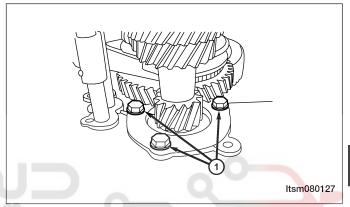
11. Perform the following steps to remove the transaxle housing (1).



12. Tap the transaxle housing and use a suitable tool to remove the transaxle housing.

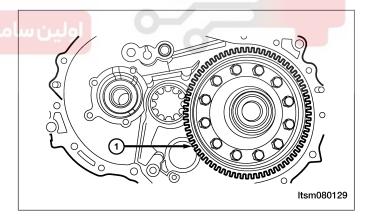


13. Remove the 3 front bearing input shaft bolts (1). (Tighten: Bearing input shaft bolts to 18 N⋅m)

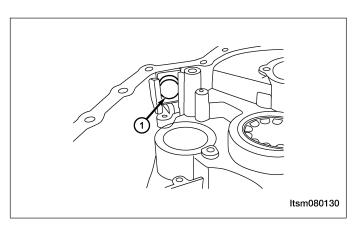


- 14. Grasp the input shaft assembly, output shaft assembly, 1st-2nd shift fork, 3rd-4th shift fork and 5th-reverse fork shaft together and remove.
- 15. Remove the differential assembly (1) upward (as shown in the figure).

**NOTE:** Pre-tighten the shim of the differential cone bearing.



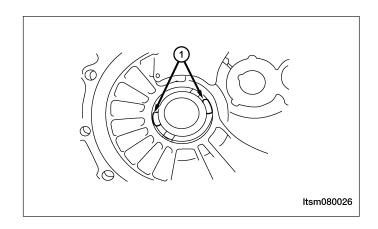
16. Remove the magnet (1) and wipe the magnet clean.



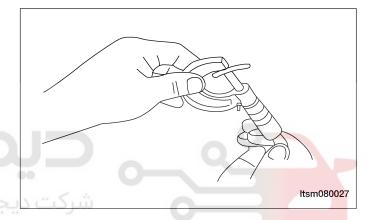
08

# Inspection

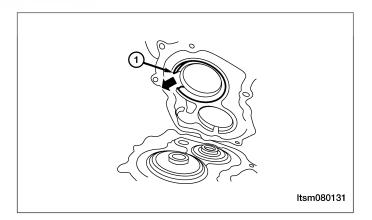
- Place a tin solder sheet (1) (approximate length is 10 mm and diameter is 1.6 mm) on the specified part of the transaxle housing, and then install the differential outer bearing race.
- 2. Install the clutch housing, and tighten the bolts to the specified torque.
- 3. Replace the tin solder sheets with thicker tin solder sheets.

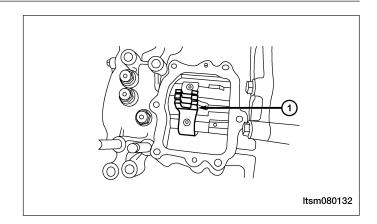


- 4. With a micrometer, measure the thickness (T) of the flattened tin solder sheet.
  - Select the thickness of the shim to be installed according to the following equation.
    - Thickness of washer: (T + 0.005 mm) (T + 0.11 mm)

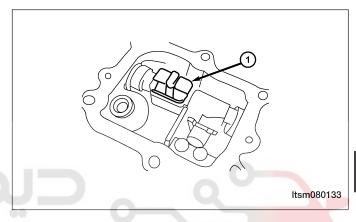


- Do not clean the release bearing.
- 6. Clean the sealing surface of all contaminates, remove all old sealant, and clean all bolt holes.
- 7. Check all parts for damage, replace any damaged parts if necessary.
- Always align the bearing cap (1) with the shaft opening. Align the bearing collar to the bearing cap opening (as the two circular rings indicate in the figure).





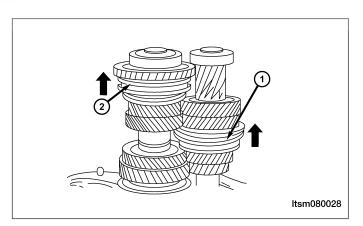
10. Place the transaxle in the neutral position (1) when the gear shift mechanism housing assemble is in the position of the selector finger in the gear shift mechanism housing assembly shown in the figure.



11. Alternate tightening each bolt to the specified torque.

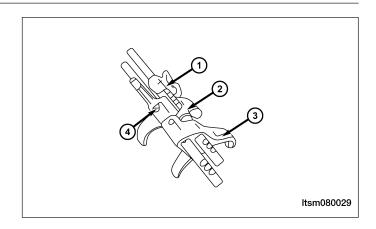
# **Assembly**

- 1. Install the input shaft together with the output shaft.
- 2. Install the 5th-reverse gear shifting fork/fork stalk-5th-reverse gear fork/3rd-4th gear shifting fork/fork stalk-3rd-
- 3. Move the gear bushing-3rd-4th gear (1) and the gear bushing-5th-reverse gear (2) in the direction shown in the figure.

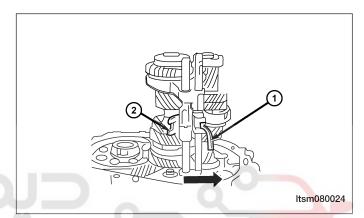


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4. Install the 3rd-4th gear shifting fork (2) and its fork stalk (1) and the 5th-reverse gear shifting fork (3) and its stalk (4).



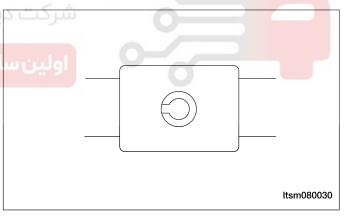
5. Install all gear shifting forks into the gear hub, and at the same time, move the fork stalks (1) & (2) in the direction shown in the figure.



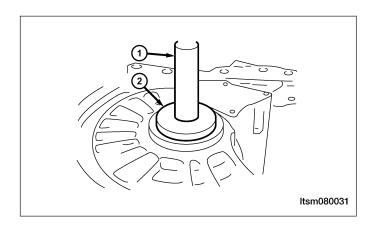
الحساك

6. Install the locking pin.

سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران



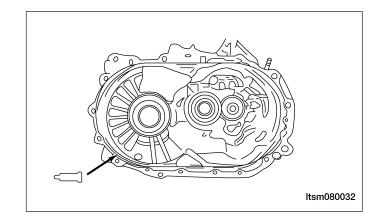
7. Using special tools MB-990938 (1) and MB-990935 (2), install the outer bearing race.



- 8. Install the transaxle housing.
- 9. Apply a 1 mm to 1.2 mm diameter of sealant on the specified position of the transaxle housing.

#### **CAUTION:**

The sealant line applied should be uniform and continuous and without breaks.

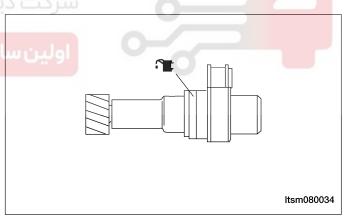


- 10. Tighten the transaxle housing bolts to the specified torque.
- 11. Install the bottom transaxle cover.
- 12. Apply a 1 mm to 1.2 mm diameter of sealant on the specified position of the transaxle housing.

## **CAUTION:**

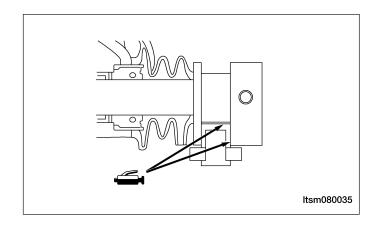


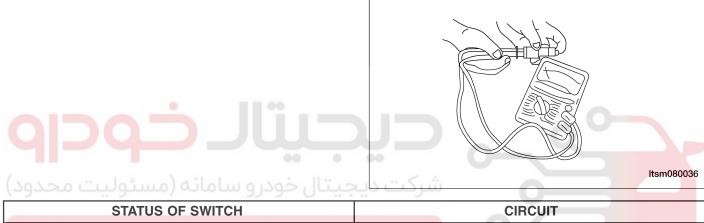
13. Apply transaxle fluid to the O-ring of speed sensor. (Transaxle fluid: 75W-90)



08

- 14. Install the vehicle speed sensor.
- 15. Install the gear shifting arm assembly. Apply lubricating fluid on the contact surface of the gear shifting drive slider and the gear shifting arm assembly. (The specified lubricating fluid: Mobilux Ep2)





STATUS OF SWITCH	CIRCUIT
Pressed Pressed Library dil	Off
Released	On

16. Inspect the backup lamp switch. Inspect the switch for broken terminal or an open circuit.

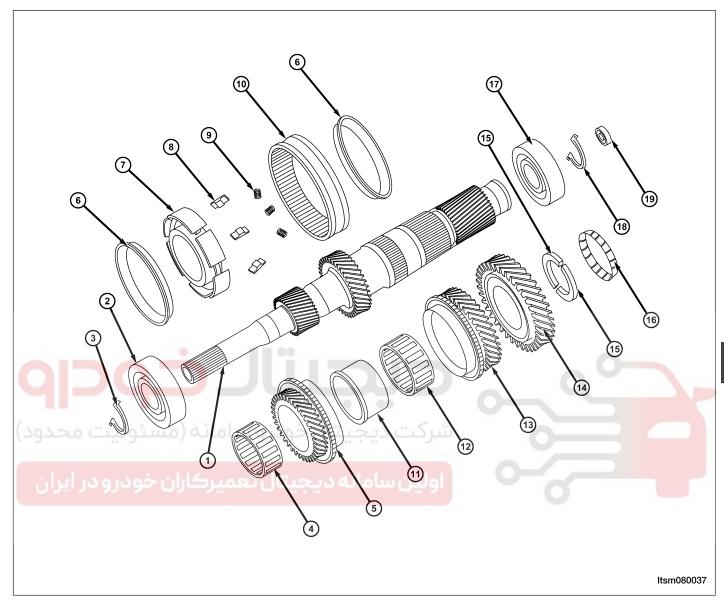
# **Input Shaft**

# **Specifications**

# **Clearance Specifications**

SYNCHRONIZER RING	VALUE OF A (mm)	WEARING LIMIT
1st-2nd Gear	1.10 - 1.17	0.05 mm
3rd-4th Gear	1.35 - 1.90	0.05 mm
5th Gear	1.10 - 1.17	0.05 mm

## **Disassemble**



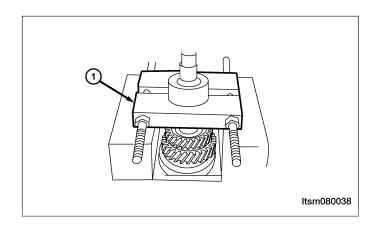
- 1 Input Shaft
- 2 Input Shaft Front Bearing
- 3 Snap Ring
- 4 Needle Bearing-3rd Gear
- 5 3rd Driving Gear Assembly
- 6 Synchronizer Ring-3rd-4th Gear
- 7 Gear Hub-3rd-4th Gear
- 8 Guide Block
- 9 Spring-3rd-4th Gear Synchronizer
- 10 Hub Sleeve-3rd-4th Gear

- 11 Gear Bushing-4th Gear
- 12 Needle Bearing-2nd-4th Gear
- 13 4th Driving Gear Assembly
- 14 5th Driving Gear
- 15 Thrust Ring-5th Driving Gear
- 16 Clip-5th Driving Gear Thrust Plate
- 17 Input Shaft Rear Bearing
- 18 Snap Ring-Input Shaft Rear Bearing
- 19 Seal-Input Shaft Fluid-Collecting Hole

#### NOTE:

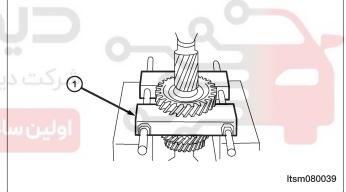
The following special tools are required to perform the repair procedure:

- MB-998801 Bearings Remover
- MB-998812 Installer Cap
- MB-998813 Installer (100 mm)
- MB-998816 Installer Connector (30 mm)
- MB-998825 Installer Connector (52 mm)
- MB-998824 Installer Connector (50 mm)
- 1. Using special tool MB-998801 (1), disassemble the input shaft rear bearing.

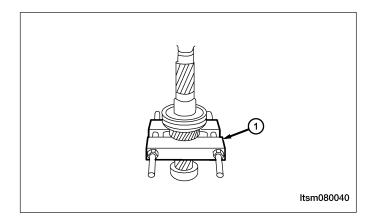


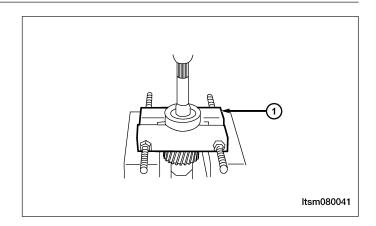
 Using special tool MB-998801 (1), disassemble the 5th driving gear.





Disassemble the sleeve-4th gear.
 Mount special tool MB-998801 (1) on the 3rd driving gear to disassemble the sleeve-4th gear.



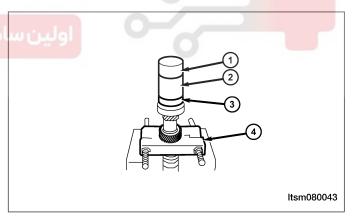


# **Assemble**

1. Install the input shaft seal. Press the seal in until the dimension shown in the figure is obtained.

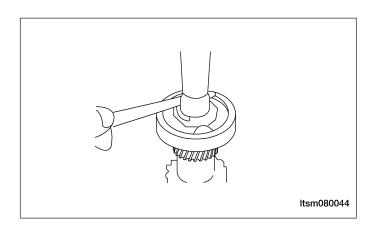


2. Using special tools MB-998801 (4), MB-998812 (1), MB-998813 (2) and MB-998816 (3), install the input shaft front bearing.



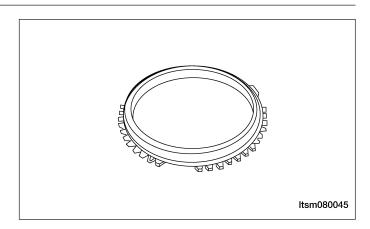
3. Install the input shaft front shaft snap ring. Select a snap ring to maintain the axial clearance

(The standard value: 0.01 mm - 0.12 mm)

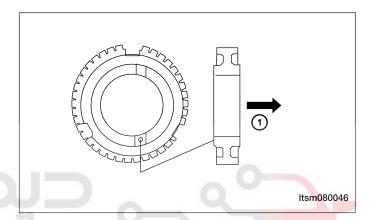


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4. Install the synchronizer spring.
Install the synchronizer spring in the specified position of the synchronizer ring, shown in the figure.



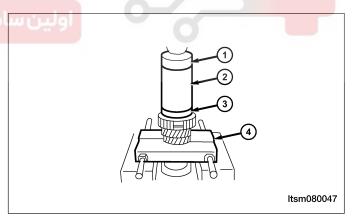
5. Install the gear hub-3rd-4th gear. Install the gear hub-3rd-4th gear in the direction shown in the figure.



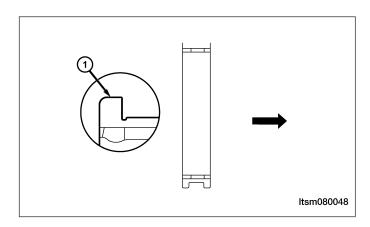
# شرکت دىچىتال خودرو سامانه (مسئولىت: CAUTION

Ensure that the synchronizer ring is not locked when installing the gear hub.

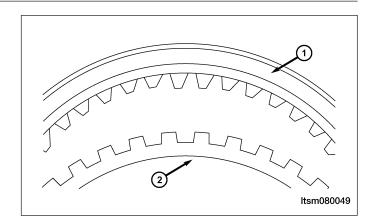
 Using special tools MB-998801 (4), MB-998812 (1), MB-998813 (2) and MB-998825 (3), install the gear bushing-3rd-4th gear.



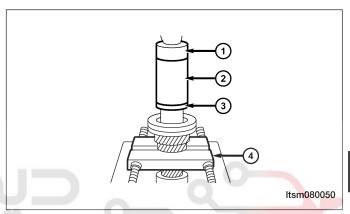
7. Install the hub sleeve in the direction shown in the figure.



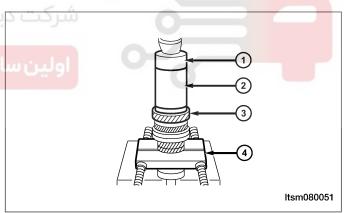
8. Ensure that these two deep tooth spaces of gear hub (1) & (2) are correctly aligned with the two high racks of the gear hub during the installation of gear bushing.



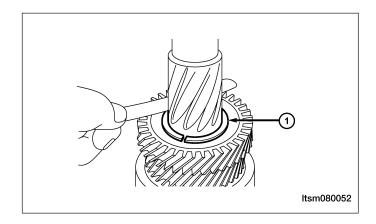
9. Using special tools MD-998801 (4), MD-998812 (1), MD-998813 (2), and MD-998824 (3), install the sleeve-4th gear.



10. Using special tools MD-998801 (4), MD-998812 (1), MD-998813 (2), and MD-998824 (3), install the 5th driving gear.

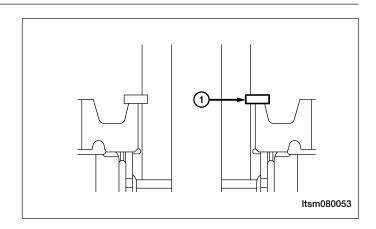


11. Installation of transaxle housing assembly. Select the thickness of the thrust plate (1) 5th driving gear to maintain the proper axial clearance of input shaft 5th driving gear shaft. (The Standard Value: 0.01 mm to 0.09 mm)

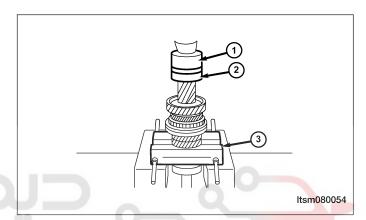


08

12. Install the clip-5th driving gear thrust plate (1). Ensure that the thrust plate doesn't tilt when installing the clip.



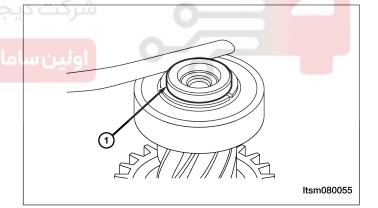
13. Using special tools MD-998801 (3), MD-998812 (1) and MD-998818 (2), install the input shaft rear bearing.



14. Install the span ring

 Install the snap ring.
 Select the thickness of snap ring (1) to maintain the proper axial clearance of input shaft rear bearing.

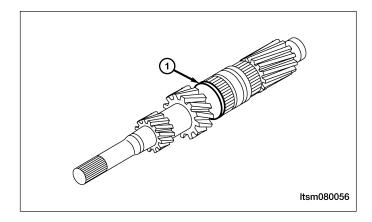
(Standard Value: 0.01 mm to 0.12 mm)



### 08

## Inspection

- 1. Input Shaft
  - Inspect the external surface of the input shaft and needle bearings (1) for any damage or excessive wear.
  - Inspect the input shaft spline for any damage or excessive wear.



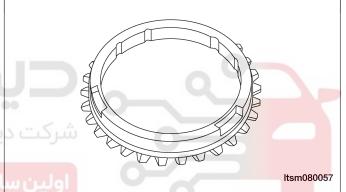
- 2. Needle Bearing Inspect the input shaft and gears for smooth operation.
- 3. Synchronizer Ring
  - Inspect the synchronizer rings for any damage or signs of breakage in the surface of synchronizer rings.

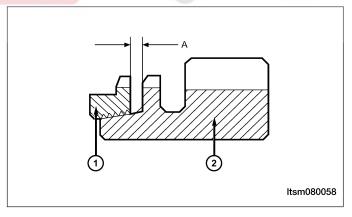


جیتال خودرو سامانه (مسئولیت محدود



 Press synchronizer ring (1) 3rd-4th gear (2), and then examine the clearance "A". If the "A" is less than the limit value, the synchronizer ring and 3rd-4th gear should be replaced.(Limit Value: 0.5 mm)

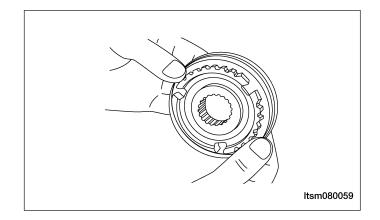




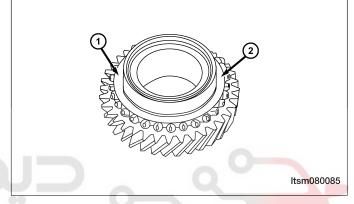
- 1 Synchronizer Ring
- 2 Gear

- 4. Gear Hub and Hub of Synchronizer
  - Assemble the gear bushing together with the gear hub of synchronizer, and then inspect for smooth operation without lockup.
  - Inspect the front/rear of the interior surface of the gear bushing for any damage.
  - Inspect the synchronizer springs for any weak springs or damage.

**NOTE:** If it is necessary to replace the gear bushing and gear hub of the synchronizer, they are only serviced as a complete set.



- 5. 3rd-4th Driven Gear
  - Inspect the gear surface of the skew gear and clutch gear (1) for any damage.
  - Inspect the conical surface of the synchronizer
     (2) for thickening, damage or wear.
  - Inspect the internal diameter of the front/rear surface of the gear.



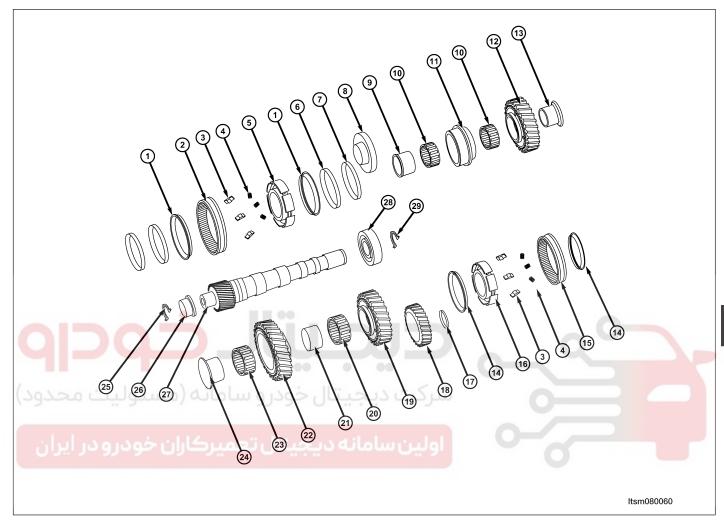
جيتالـخودرو

شرکت دیجیتال خودرو سامانه (مسئولیت محدود)

اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

# **Output Shaft**

### **Disassemble**



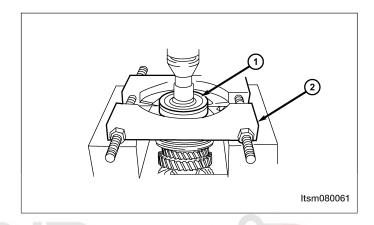
- 1 Outer Ring-1st-2nd Synchronization Ring
- 2 Gear Hub Sleeve-1st-2nd Synchronizer
- 3 Guide Block
- 4 Spring-1st-2nd Gear And 5th-Reverse Gear Synchronizer
- 5 Gear Hub-1st-2nd Gear
- 6 Steel Ring-1st-2nd Synchronization Ring
- 7 Inner Ring-1st-2nd Synchronization Ring
- 8 4th Driven Gear
- 9 Gear Bushing-5th Gear
- 10 Needle Bearing-Reverse Gear
- 11 5th Driven Gear Assembly
- 12 Reverse Driven Gear Assembly
- 13 Sleeve-Reverse Gear
- 14 Synchronization Ring-3rd-4th Gear And 5th-Reverse Gear
- 15 Gear Hub Sleeve-5th-Reverse Gear

- 16 Gear Hub-5th-Reverse Gear
- 17 Snap Ring-3rd Driven Gear
- 18 3rd Driven Gear
- 19 2nd Driven Gear Assembly
- 20 Needle Bearing-2nd Gear
- 21 Sleeve-2nd Gear
- 22 1st Driven Gear Assembly
- 23 Needle Bearing-1st Gear
- 24 Sleeve-1st Gear
- 25 Snap Ring-Output Shaft Front Bearing
- 26 Output Shaft Front Bearing
- 27 Output Shaft
- 28 Output Shaft Rear Bearing
- 29 Snap Ring-Output Shaft Rear Bearing

### NOTE:

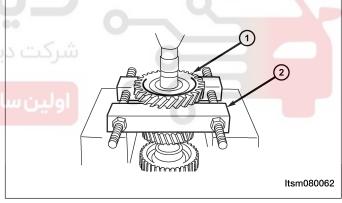
The following special tools are required to perform the repair procedure:

- MB-998801 Bearing Remover
- MB-998812 Installer Cap
- MB-998814 Installer Connector (200 mm)
- MB-998813 Installer (100)
- MB-998818 Installer Connector (38 mm)
- MB-998819 Installer Connector (40 mm)
- MB-998822 Installer Connector (46 mm)
- MB-998825 Installer Connector (52 mm)
- 1. Using special tool MB-998917 (2), disassemble the output shaft rear bearing (1).

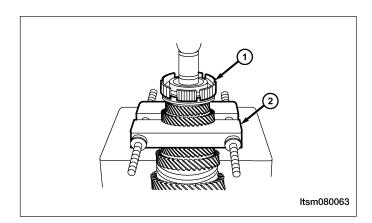


Disassemble the reverse gear sleeve (1).
 Install special tool MB-998801 (2) on the reverse driven gear, and then disassemble the sleeve.

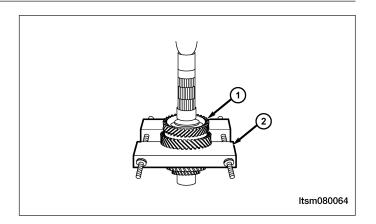




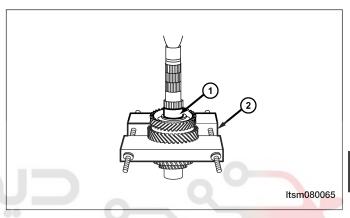
 Disassemble the 5th-reverse gear synchronizer hub (1).
 Install special tool MB-998801 (2) on the 4th driven gear, and then disassemble the gear hub-5th-reverse gear.



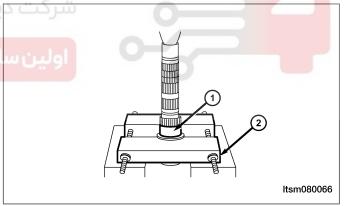
4. Disassemble the 3rd driven gear (1). Install special tool MB-998917 (2) on the 2nd driven gear, and then disassemble the 3rd driven



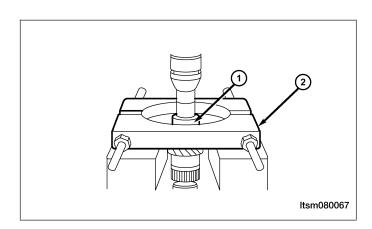
5. Disassemble the sleeve-2nd gear (1). Install special tool MB-998917 (2) on the 1st driven gear, and then disassemble the sleeve-2nd gear.



6. Using special tool MB-998801 (2), disassemble the sleeve-1st gear (1).



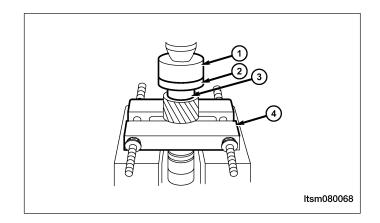
7. Using special tool MB-998917 (2), disassemble the output shaft front bearing race (1).



08

### **Assemble**

1. Using special tools MB-998801 (4), MB-998812 (1) and MB-998818 (2), install the output shaft front bearing race (3).

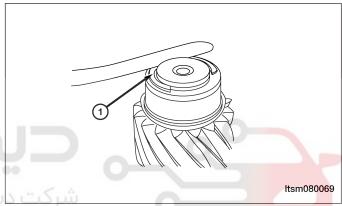


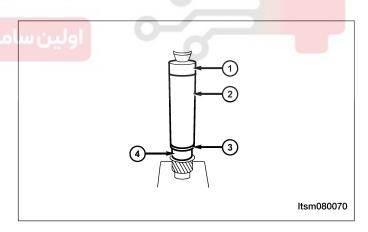
Install the snap ring-output shaft front bearing (1). Select the snap ring and install it to maintain the proper axial clearance of the output shaft front bearing.

(Standard Value: 0.01 mm to 0.12 mm)

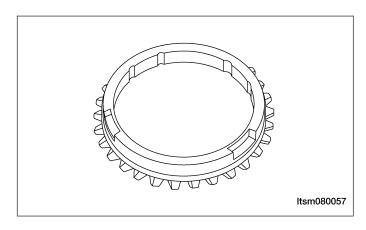


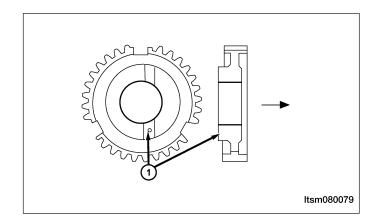
3. Using special tools MB-998812 (1), MB-998814 (2) and MB-998825 (3), install the sleeve-1st gear (4).





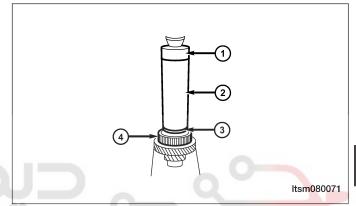
4. Install the 1st-2nd gear synchronization ring. Install the 1st-2nd gear synchronizer ring correctly on the specified position of synchronizer ring shown in the figure.



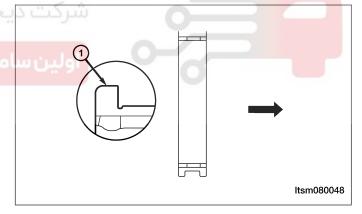


### **CAUTION:**

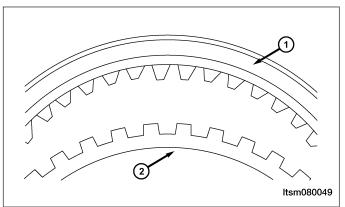
Using special tools MD-998814 (1), MD-998815 (2) and MD-998825 (3), install the synchronizer ring (4). Ensure that the synchronizer ring is not locked when installing the gear hub.



- 6. Install the gear hub sleeve-1st-2nd gear synchronizer.
  - Install the gear bushing on the position (1) shown in the figure.

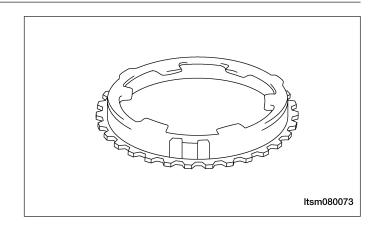


• Ensure that the two deep tooth spaces of the gear hub (1) are correctly aligned with the two high racks of the gear hub during the installation of gear bushing.

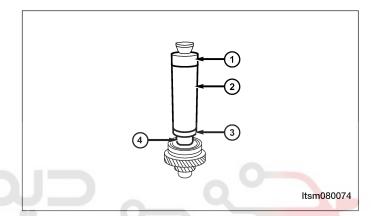


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7. Install the synchronizer Ring.

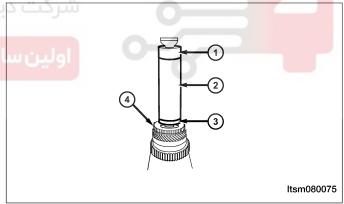


8. Using special tools MB-998812 (1), MB-998814 (2) and MB-998822 (3), install the sleeve-2nd gear (4).

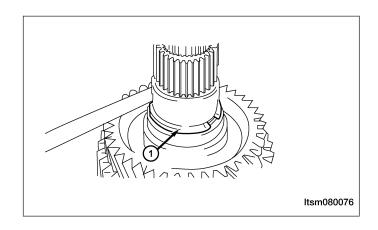


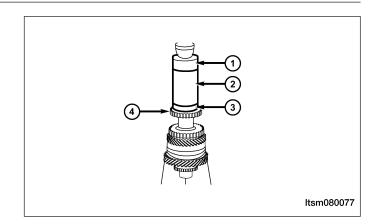
9. Using special tools MB-998812 (1), MB-998814 (2) and MB-998822 (3), install the 3rd driven gear (4).

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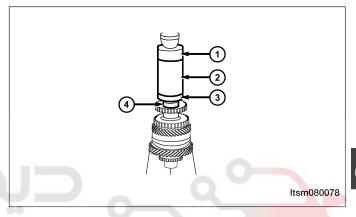


 Install the snap ring-3rd driven gear (1). Install the snap ring to maintain the proper axial clearance of the output shaft 3rd driven gear. (Standard Value: -0.01 mm to 0.09 mm)

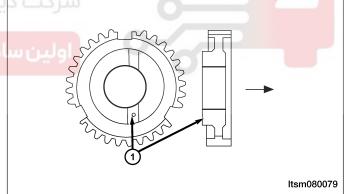




12. Using special tools MB-998812 (1), MB-998813 (2) and MB-998819 (3), install the sleeve-5th gear (4).

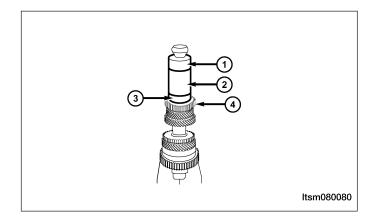


13. Install the gear hub-5th-reverse gear. Install the gear hub-5th-reverse gear in the position (1) shown in the figure.



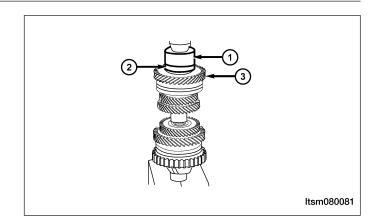
### **CAUTION:**

Using special tools MD-998812 (1), MD-998813 (2) and MD-998819 (3), install the synchronizer ring (4). Ensure that the synchronizer ring is not locked when installing the gear hub-5th-reverse gear.

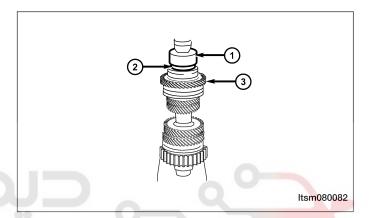


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14. Using special tools MB-998812 (1) and MB-998818 (2), install the reverse driven gear/needle bearing-reverse gear/sleeve-reverse gear (3).

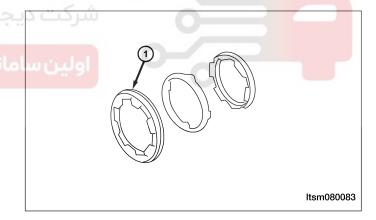


15. Using special tools MB-9988112 (1) and MB-998818 (2), install the input shaft rear bearing (3).



16. Install the outer ring-1st-2nd gear synchronizer ring/steel ring-1st-2nd gear synchronization ring/inner ring-1st-2nd gear synchronization ring (1).

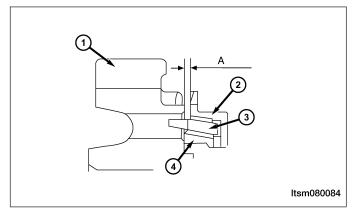
 Inspect the conical surface of the clutch gear for any damage or breakage on the gear surface.



 Install the outer ring (2) and inner ring (4), and then press them down to the gear (1) to measure the clearance "A". If "A" is less than the limit value, the rings (3) should be replaced-.Limit Value: 0.5 mm

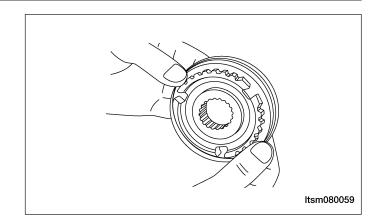
### **CAUTION:**

The outer ring, inner ring or steel, are replaced as a complete set.

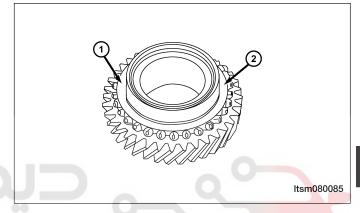


- 17. Install the gear bushing and hub of synchronizer:
  - · Assemble the gear bushing together with the gear hub of synchronizer, and then inspect for smooth operation without lockup.
  - Inspect the front/rear of the interior surface of the gear bushing for any damage.
  - Inspect the synchronizer springs for any weak springs or damage.

CAUTION: The gear bushing or gear hub of the synchronizer are replaced as a complete set.

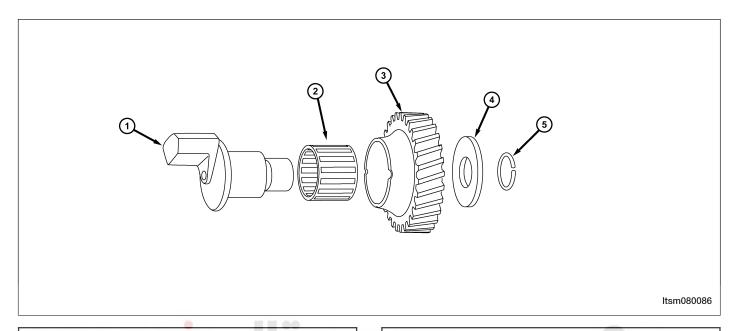


- 18. Install the transaxle gear:
  - · Inspect the gear surface of the skew gear and clutch gear (1) for any damage.
  - Inspect the conical surface of the synchronizer (2) for thickening, damage or wear.
  - Inspect the internal diameter of the front/rear surface of the gear.



# **Output Gear For Reverse Gear**

### **Disassemble**



- 1 Idler Gear Shaft
- 2 Needle Bearing
- 3 Reverse Gear

- 4 Thrust Plate
- 5 Thrust Plate Snap Ring

- 1. Remove the thrust plate snap ring (5)
- 2. Separate the thrust plate (4) and the reverse gear (3).
- 3. Separate the needle bearing (2) and idle gear shaft (1).

# Inspection

### **Needle Bearing**

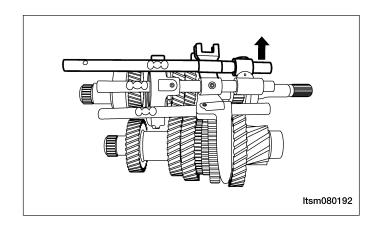
- Assemble the shaft together with the gear, and then examine whether they can slide smoothly without sagging
  or noise.
- Inspect the bearing cage for any damage.

# 08

### 5th-Reverse Gear Shift Fork

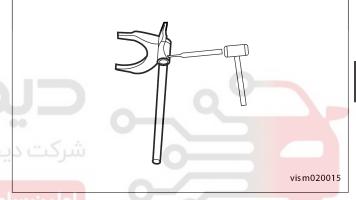
### **Disassemble**

 Separate the 5th-Reverse shift fork from the shift fork assembly.

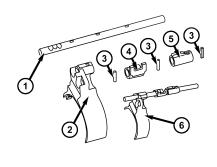


2. Use a suitable tool to remove the shift fork spring pin from the shift fork and the shift fork shaft.





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- 1 5th Shift Fork Shaft
- 2 5th Shift Fork
- 3 Spring Pin for Fork Shaft

- 4 Reverse Fork Rack
- 5 Driving Block Backup Light Switch
- 6 5th-Reverse Shift Fork Shaft Assembly
- 3. Remove the spring pins (3) from the 5th shift fork shaft (1).
- 4. Separate the 5th shift fork (2) and the reverse fork rack (4) from the 5th shift fork shaft (1).
- 5. Separate the backup lamp switch driving block (5) from the 5th shift fork shaft (1).

### **Assemble**

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

### NOTE:

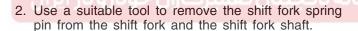
- Check and ensure the shift fork is properly installed to the fork shaft, there should be NO axial or radial motion in the fork shaft.
- Check and ensure the fork rack is properly installed to the fork shaft, there should be NO axial or radial motion in the fork shaft.
- Check and ensure backup light driving block is properly installed to the fork shaft, there should be NO axial or radial motion in the fork shaft.
- Check the fork shaft surface for any damage.
- Check the position of the three spring pins, ensure the pins are in proper alignment. The extension of both ends of the three spring pins should not exceed 3 mm.

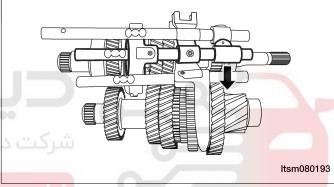
### 3rd-4th Gear Shift Fork

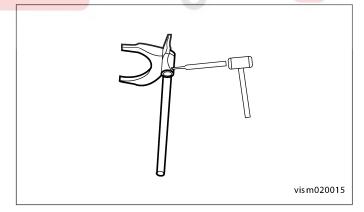
### **Disassemble**

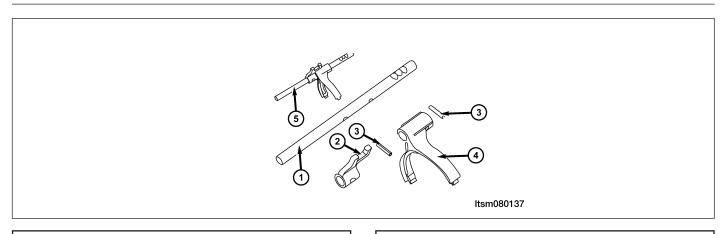
1. Separate the 3rd-4th shift fork from the shift fork assembly.











- 1 3rd-4th Shift Fork Shaft
- 2 Fork Rack 3rd-4th Gear Shift Fork
- 3 Spring Pin for Fork Shaft

- 4 3rd-4th Shift Fork
- 5 3rd-4th Shift Fork Shaft Assembly
- 3. Remove the spring pins (3) from the 3rd-4th shift fork shaft (1).
- 4. Separate the 5th shift fork (4) and the fork rack (2) from the 3rd-4th shift fork shaft (1).

### **Assemble**

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

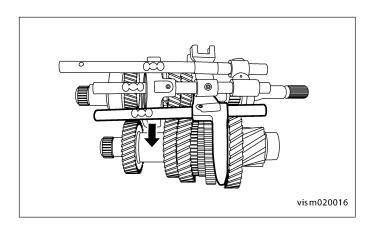
### NOTE:

- Check and ensure the shift fork is properly installed to the fork shaft, there should be NO axial or radial motion in the fork shaft.
- Check and ensure the fork rack is properly installed to the fork shaft, there should be NO axial or radial motion in the fork shaft.
- Check the fork shaft surface for any damage.
- Check the position of the three spring pins, ensure the pins are in proper alignment. The extension of both ends
  of the three spring pins should not exceed 3 mm.

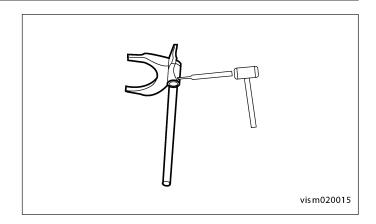
### 1st-2nd Gear Shift Fork

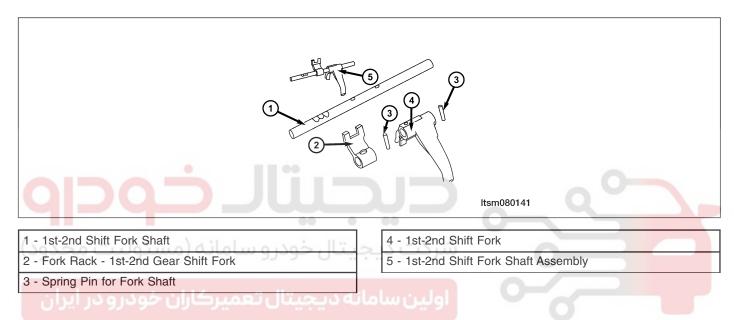
### Disassemble

1. Separate the 1st-2nd shift fork from the shift fork assembly.



2. Use a suitable tool to remove the shift fork spring pin from the shift fork and the shift fork shaft.





- 3. Remove the spring pins (3) from the 1st-2nd shift fork shaft (1).
- 4. Separate the 1st-2nd shift fork (4) and the fork rack (2) from the 1st-2nd shift fork shaft (1).

### **Assembly**

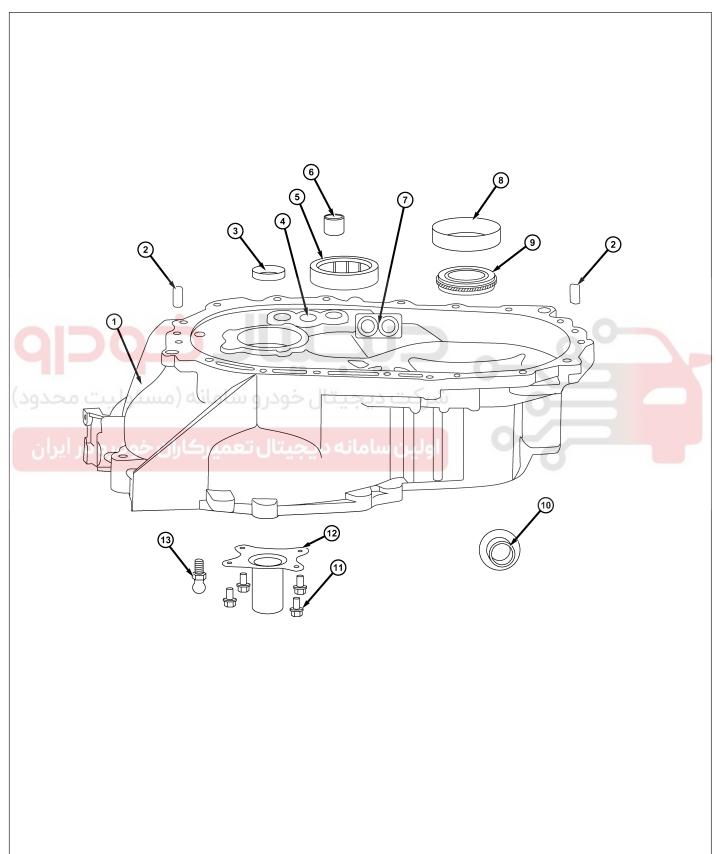
Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

### NOTE:

- Check and ensure the shift fork is properly installed to the fork shaft, there should be NO axial or radial motion in the fork shaft.
- Check and ensure the fork rack is properly installed to the fork shaft, there should be NO axial or radial motion in the fork shaft.
- Check the fork shaft surface for any damage.
- Check the position of the three spring pins, ensure the pins are in proper alignment. The extension of both ends of the three spring pins should not exceed 3 mm.

# **Transaxle Clutch Housing Assembly**

# Disassemble



1 - Clutch Housing
2 - Pin GB119 A10×20
3 - Fluid Seal-Input Shaft
4 - Bushing-Gear Shifting Mechanism
5 - Output Shaft Front Bearing
6 - Bearing-Gear Shifting Mechanism
7 - Magnetic Assembly

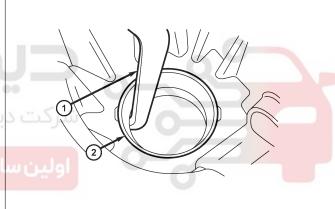
8 -	Front/Rear	Bearing Of	Differential
-----	------------	------------	--------------

- 9 Fluid Seal-Differential
- \_\_\_\_\_
- 10 Speedometer Banking Cover
- 11 Bolt GB5787 M6×12
- 12 Release Bearing Race
- 13 Buttonhead-Seat Release Fork

### NOTE:

The following special tools are required to perform the repair procedure:

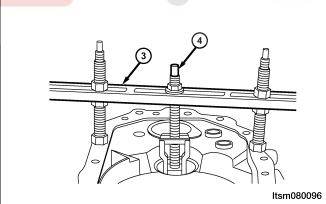
- MB-998772 Valve Spring Compressor
- MB-999566 Hook
- MB-990938 Handle
- MB-990935 Installer Connector
- MB-990934 Installer Connector
- MB-998325 Fluid Seal Installer
- MB-990926 Installer Connector
- 1. Using special tools MB-999566 (1), MB-996772 (3), and MD-998348 (4), disassemble the outer race of the front/rear bearing (2) of the differential.



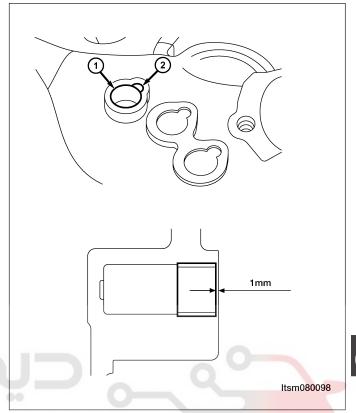


ئیتال خودرو سامانه (مسئولیت محدود)

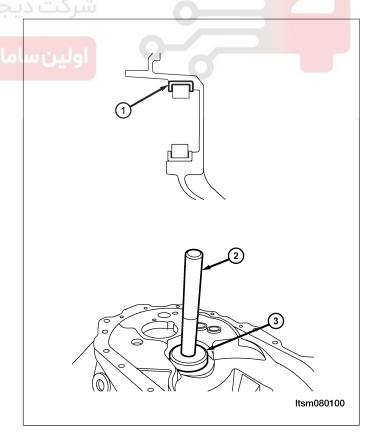
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1. Install the bushing. Press the bushing (1) into position (2) as shown in the figure.

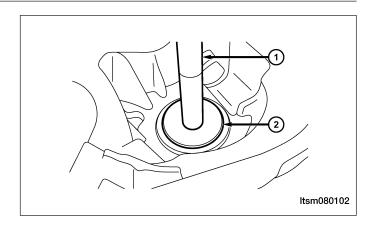


2. Using special tools MB-990938 (2) and MB-990934 (3), install the outer race-output shaft bearing (1). Install the outer race with the stamped side in the position shown in the figure.



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3. Using special tools MB - 990938 (1), and MB - 990935 (2), install the race-differential bearing.



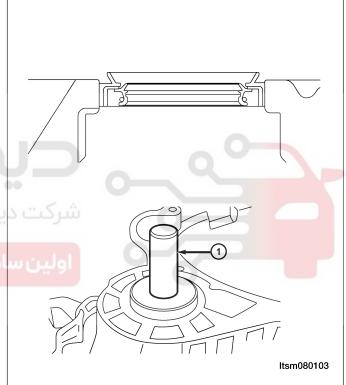
4. Using special tools MB-998325 (1), install the fluid seal-differential.

Apply transaxle fluid on the fluid seal lip.

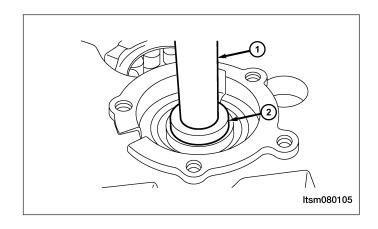
(Specified fluid: 75W-90)



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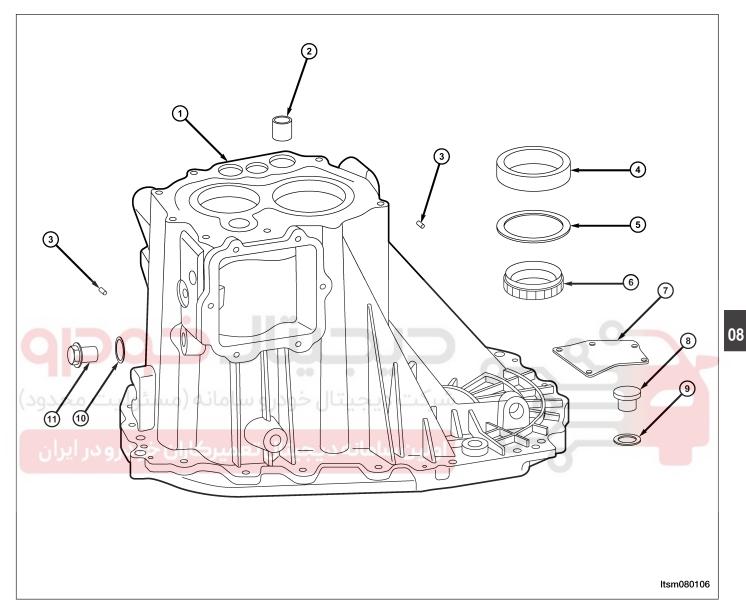


Using special tool MB-990938 (1) and MB-990926 (2), install the input shaft fluid seal.
 Apply the lubricating grease on the fluid seal lip. (Specified lubricating grease: Mobilux Ep2 or equivalents)



# **Transaxle Main Housing Assembly**

# **Assembly**



- 1 Transaxle Housing
- 2 Bearing-Gear Shifting Mechanism
- 3 Pin GB119
- 4 Outer Race Of Front/Rear Bearing Of Differential
- 5 Adjustment Gasket-Differential Rear Bearing
- 6 Fluid Seal-Differential

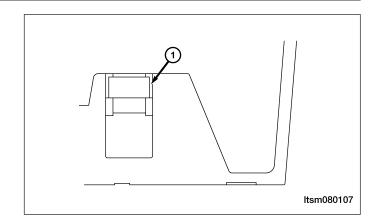
- 7 Fluid Baffle
- 8 Fluid Draining Screw Plug
- 9 Plain Washer-Fluid Draining Screw Plug
- 10 Plain Washer-Fluid Limiting Screw Plug
- 11 Fluid Limiting Screw Plug

### NOTE:

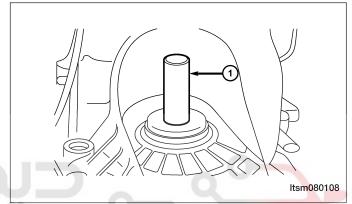
The following special tools are required to perform the repair procedure:

• MD-998325 - Fluid Installer

1. Install the bearing-gear shifting mechanism (1). Press the bearing in until it is flush with the surface of housing.



2. Install the differential fluid seal.
Inspect the fluid seal for damage. Apply lubricating grease on the external diameter and inner lip of the fluid seal, and then use special tool MD-998325 (1) to install the seal into position.
(Lubricating grease: Mobilux Ep2)



جيتالـخودرو

شرکت دیجیتال خودرو سامانه (مسئولیت محدود)

اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

# FRONT DIFFERENTIAL

GENERAL INFORMATION	08-308	DIFFERENTIAL UNIT REPAIR	08-312
Description Operation Specifications Special Tools	08-308 08-310 08-310 08-310	Differential Carrier Removal & Installation Inspection Assembly	08-312 08-312 08-313 08-313



اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران



# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **Description**

The differential includes the differential side gears and the shaft mounted differential pinion gears. Direct contact between the gears and the differential case is prevented by the differential side gear thrust washers installed under the gears. The differential pinion shaft is held in position by a differential pinion shaft lock pin that extends through the end of the differential pinion shaft and the differential case.

The differential transaxle assembly consists of the following components:

- Differential case (part of the final drive carrier)
- · 2 pinion gears supported by a pinion shaft
- 2 side gears supported by the differential case and half-shafts





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### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

1 - Front/Rear Bearing Of Differential
2 - Adjustment Gasket-Axle Shaft Gear
3 - Axle Shaft Gear
4 - Planetary Gear Shaft
5 - Thrust Washer
6 - Spherical Washer-Planetary Gear

7 - Anchor Pin-Planetary Gear Shaft		
8 - The Driving Gear-Speedometer		
9 - Differential Housing		
10 - The Driven Gear Of Main Reducing Gear		
11 - Bolt-The Driven Gear Of Main Reducing Gear And The		

# **Operation**

The differential operates through the gear mesh with the ring gear bolted to the differential case. The engine power is transmitted to the axle shafts through the pinion mate and side gears. The side gears are connected to the axle shafts.

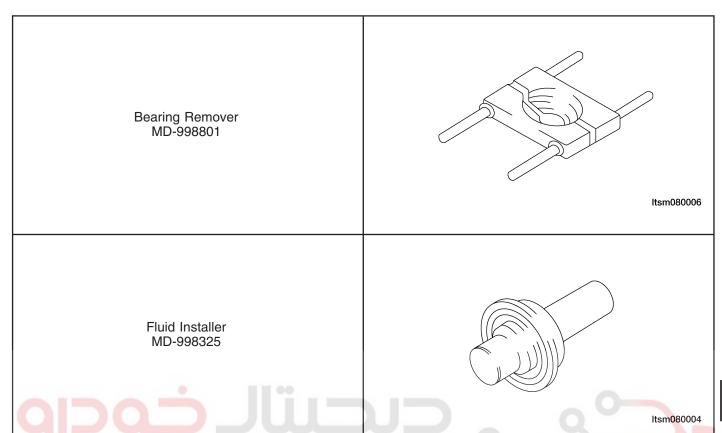
Differential Housing

# **Specifications**

# **Clearance Specifications**

Clearance Between Side Gear And Planetary Gear	0.028 - 0.150 mm
Adjusting Washer	0.93 - 1.00 mm

# Installer Connector (40 mm) MD-998819 Installer Cap MD-998812 Itsm08007



شرکت دیجیتال خودرو سامانه (مسئولیت محدود)

اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

# **DIFFERENTIAL UNIT REPAIR**

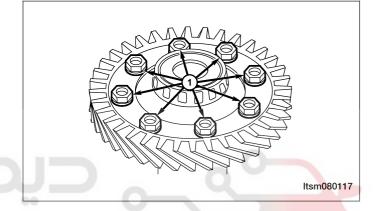
### **Differential Carrier**

### **Removal & Installation**

### NOTE:

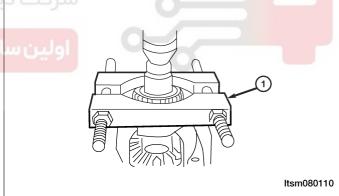
The following special tools are required to perform the repair procedure:

- MD-998801 Bearing Remover
- 1. Remove the transaxle input shaft assembly, transaxle output shaft assembly, 1st-2nd shift fork, 3rd-4th shift fork and 5th-reverse fork shaft together as a unit (See Transaxle Assembly Unit Repair in Section 08 Transaxle).
- 2. Remove the transaxle differential assembly.
- 3. Mount the differential in a vice.
- 4. Remove the drive gear bolts (1).

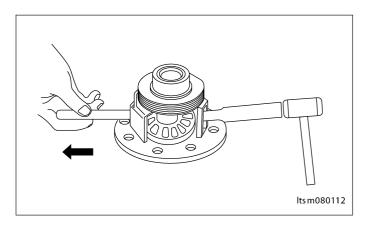


5. Using special tool MD-998801 (1), disassemble the differential-front/rear shaft bearing.

امانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران



- 6. Tap the drive gear off the differential case assembly using a suitable tool.
- 7. Remove the pinion mate shaft use a suitable tool.



### **DIFFERENTIAL UNIT REPAIR**

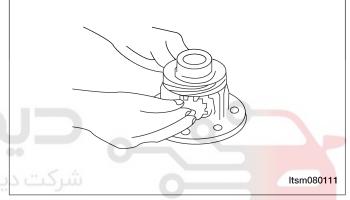
8. Turn the pinion mate gear, then remove the pinion mate gear, pinion mate thrust washer, side gear and side gear thrust washer from the differential case.

### Inspection

- 1. Clean all components.
- 2. Inspect the following components for wear:
  - Ring gear
  - Adjusting washers
  - Side gears
  - · Spherical washers
  - · Planetary gears
  - · Planetary gear shaft

# **Assembly**

- 1. Install the adjustment shim-axle shaft gear/axle shaft gear/spherical washer-planetary gear/planetary gear/planetary gear shaft.
- 2. Assemble the spherical washer on the back of axle shaft gear, and then install the axle shaft gear on the differential.



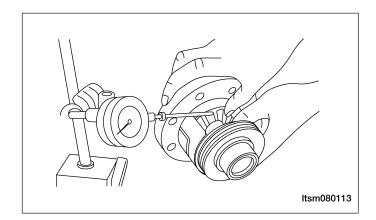
### NOTE:

The adjustment shim with intermediate thickness (0.93 to 1.00 mm) shall be assembled when a new axle shaft gear

- 3. Place the spherical washer on the back of any planetary gear to make two planetary gears engage simultaneously with the axle shaft gear. Turn these gears, and at the same time, install them in their proper positions.
- 4. Insert and install the planetary gear shaft.
- 5. Measure the gear clearance between the axle shaft gear and the planetary gear. (Standard value: 0.08 to 0.15 mm)
- 6. If the measured gear clearance doesn't conform to the standard value, select and install the adjustment shim, and then measure the gear clearance again.

### NOTE:

Adjust the gear clearance until the gear clearance of both sides is the same as each other.

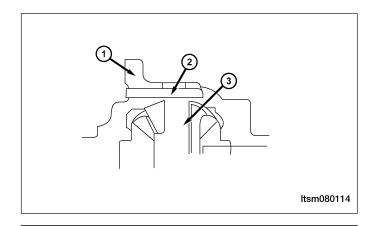


### **DIFFERENTIAL UNIT REPAIR**

- 7. Install the lock pin (2).
- 8. Install the lock pin in the position shown in the figure.

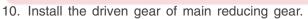
### **CAUTION:**

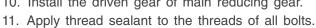
After the lock pin is taped in, the axle shaft gear and the planetary gear should operate normally.

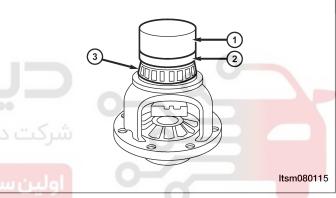


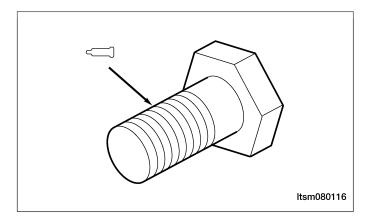
- 1 Differential Housing
- 2 Lock Pin
- 3 Pinion Shaft
- 9. Using special tools MD-998812 (1) and MB-998819 (2), install the differential front/rear bearing (3).





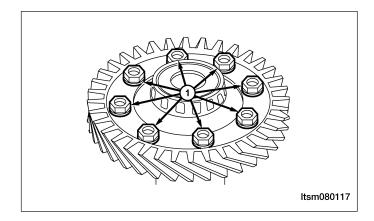






12. Tighten the ring gear bolts (1) in the sequence shown in the figure.

(Tighten: Ring gear bolts to 132 N·m)





شرکت دیجیتال خودرو سامانه (مسئولیت محدود)

اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران



08

# **CLUTCH SYSTEM**

GENERAL INFORMATION  Description Operation Specifications Special Tools	08-317 08-317 08-317 08-317 08-318	Clutch Pedal Free Travel  Clutch Master Cylinder  Description Operation Removal & Installation	08-321 08-322 08-322 08-322
CLUTCH ASSEMBLY SERVICE  Clutch and Pressure Plate  Removal & Installation  Clutch Pedal Height	08-319 08-319 08-319 08-321	Clutch Slave Cylinder Removal & Installation  Bleeding Hydraulic Clutch Operation	08-324 08-325 08-325



سرخت دیجیتال خودرو سامانه (مستولیت محدود)

اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

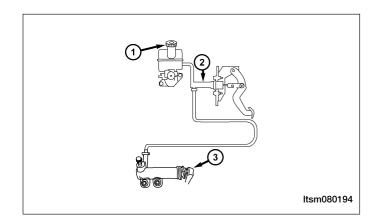


### 08

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **Description**

The hydraulic clutch system consists of a clutch master cylinder (2), slave cylinder (3), and an interconnecting hydraulic fluid line. Hydraulic fluid is supplied by the clutch system from the clutch master cylinder reservoir (1).



# **Operation**

The hydraulic clutch system is responsible for engaging and disengaging the clutch. Depressing the clutch pedal develops fluid pressure in the clutch master cylinder. This pressure is transmitted to the integral release bearing which is in contact with the pressure plate diaphragm spring. As additional force is applied, the bearing depresses the diaphragm spring fingers inward on the fulcrums. The action moves the pressure plate rearward, relieving clamping force on the clutch disc.

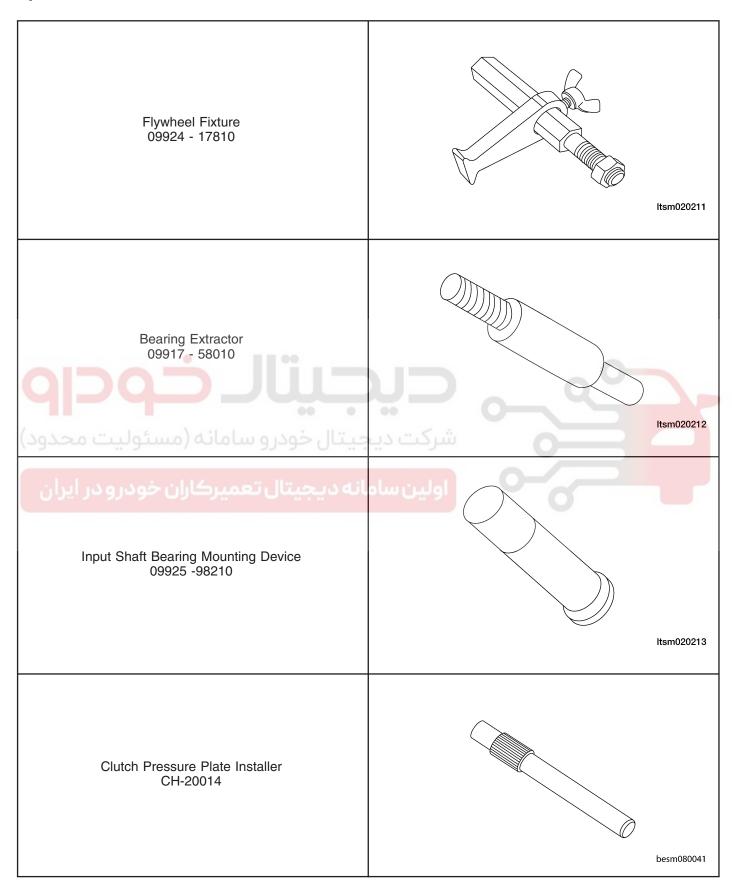
# **Specifications**

### **Torque Specifications**

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE (N⋅m)	
Transaxle Mounting Bolts	6.9	
Clutch Housing Mounting Bolts	44	
Clutch Release Bearing Seat Retainer Mounting Bolts	9.8	
Gear Shift Mechanism Assembly Mounting Bolts	18	
Shift Gear Control Cable Bracket Mounting Bolts	18	
Speedometer Gear Mounting Bolts	3.9	
Final Drive Driven Gear Mounting Bolts	132	
Back Up Lamp Switch	32	
Idler Gear Assembly Mounting Bolt	48	
Clutch Slave Cylinder Mounting Bolts	11 ± 1	

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

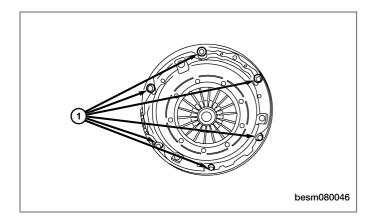
## **Special Tools**



### **Clutch and Pressure Plate**

#### **Removal & Installation**

- 1. Remove the transaxle assembly (See Transaxle Assembly Removal & Installation in Section 08 Transaxle).
- 2. Remove the clutch pressure plate bolts (1). (Tighten: Clutch pressure plate bolts to 25 N·m)
- 3. Remove the modular clutch assembly.

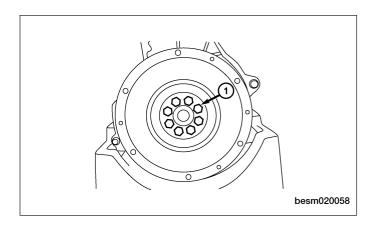


4. Using special tool CH-20043 (1), hold the flywheel.

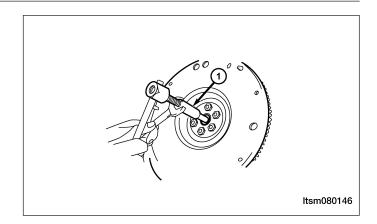


5. Remove the flywheel-to-crankshaft bolts (1) and remove flywheel assembly (if necessary for resurfacing).

(Tighten: Flywheel-to-crankshaft bolts to 75 N·m)



6. Remove the input shaft bearing using special tool 09917-58010 (1) and spanner, as shown in the figure.



#### Inspect

Check the input shaft bearing to ensure it is able to rotate freely, replace the bearing if necessary.

Measure the depth of the recesses of the clutch friction lining rivet head, i.e., the distance between rivet head and friction lining surface (as shown in the figure).
 If the depth of any hole comes to the limit, replace

friction lining assembly.

Standard: 1.2 mmLimit: 0.5 mm

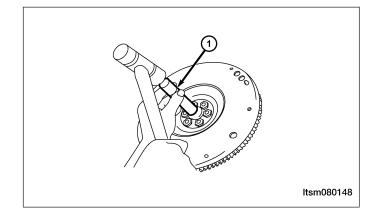


- Check clutch pressure plate diaphragm spring for irregular wear or damage.
- Check clutch pressure plate for wear or hot spots.
- If found abnormal, replace the clutch plate assembly. Never separate the clutch plate assembly into the diaphragm spring and clutch plate.
- Check the contact surface of the flywheel and friction lining for irregular wear or hot spots. Repair or replace if necessary.

#### Installation

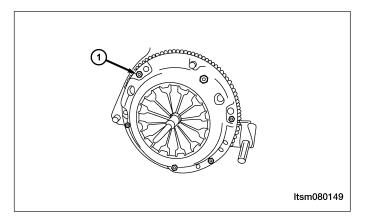
- Prior to assembling, check the flywheel surface and clutch plate surface to ensure they are clean and dry.
- Using special tools CH-30028 (1), install the input shaft bearing to the crankshaft (as shown in the figure). Align

the clutch friction lining assembly and flywheel center using special tools (as shown in the figure), and then install the clutch plate assembly and bolts, Tighten the bolts to the specified torque. (Tighten: Clutch pressure plate bolts to 25 N·m)



#### NOTE:

When tightening the clutch pressure plate bolts (1), tighten by hand until the friction lining assembly is properly aligned.



• Apply a thin layer of grease to the input shaft, and then assemble the transaxle and engine.

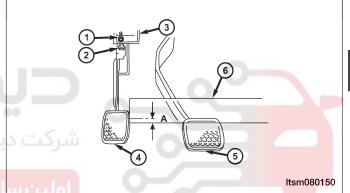
NOTE: Turn the splines when installing the transaxle input shaft into the clutch friction lining assembly until the splines are engaged.

## **Clutch Pedal Height**

Adjust the clutch pedal height using the adjusting bolts (1) on the pedal bracket (3) in accordance with the following requirements. When the clutch pedal (4) is approximately 8 mm higher than the brake pedal (5), the clutch pedal height is normal.



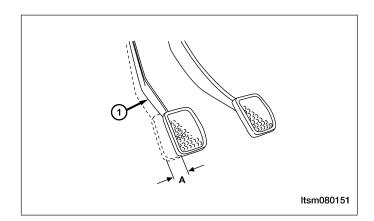




## **Clutch Pedal Free Travel**

Depress the clutch pedal (1) until the clutch resistance can be felt. Stop accordingly and measure the distance (clutch pedal free travel A). The free travel should be within 15 - 25 mm.

After checking clutch pedal free travel, check the clutch to ensure it is in normal working condition while the engine is running.

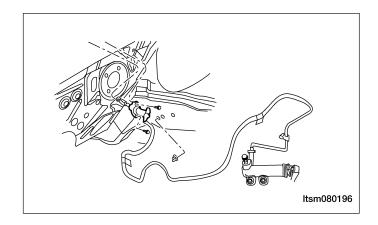


08

## **Clutch Master Cylinder**

## **Description**

The clutch master cylinder mounts to the clutch pedal and consists of a piston and cylinder housing, an actuating push rod, and an interconnecting hydraulic line. Fluid is supplied to the clutch master cylinder via the brake fluid reservoir.

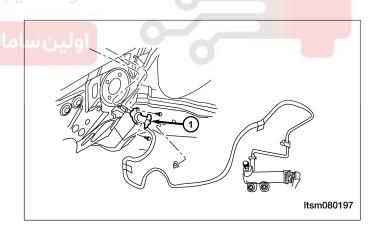


## **Operation**

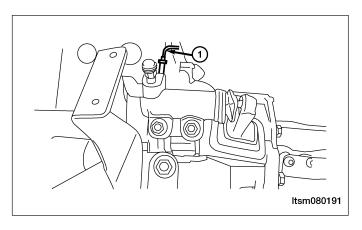
When the clutch pedal is depressed, the push rod moves the piston in the master cylinder, displacing fluid through the hydraulic line and into the release bearing. The release bearing is extended and forces the fingers of the clutch diaphragm springs to move. As the fingers move, they release the clamping pressure on the clutch disc between the clutch pressure plate and the flywheel. The clutch becomes disengaged as this pressure is released. When the clutch pedal is released, the system hydraulic pressure is released. This allows the force of the clutch diaphragm springs to return themselves to their original position, re-clamping the clutch disc between the flywheel and the clutch pressure plate. Also, the release bearing is forced to return, which reverses the movement of the hydraulic system and returns the pedal to its original position against the up stop.

## Removal & Installation

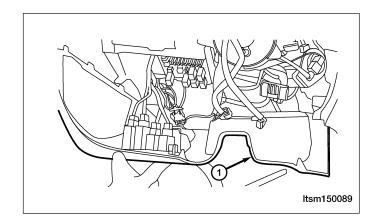
 Disconnect hydraulic supply line to clutch master cylinder (1) to completely drain clutch master cylinder and tubing.



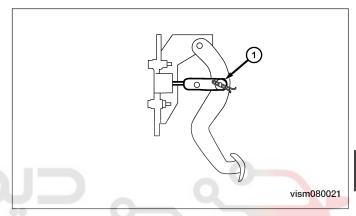
Disconnect hydraulic line (1) and drain fluid into suitable container.



## 3. Remove instrument panel lower trim panel (1) (See Instrument Panel Removal & Installation in Section 15 Body & Accessories).



4. Disconnect clutch master cylinder push-rod (1) from clutch pedal.



- 5. Remove hydraulic line from rail retainer.
- 6. Release master cylinder by rotating to disengage from pedal bracket assembly.

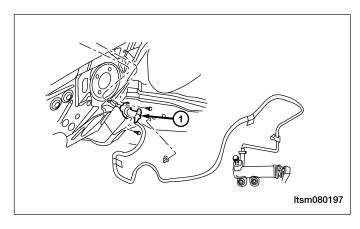
#### **CAUTION:**

Use care when removing clutch master cylinder from engine compartment. Aggressive handling can result in a damaged hydraulic line and improper clutch release operation upon reassembly.

#### **CAUTION:**

Brake fluid will damage painted surfaces. If brake fluid is spilled on any painted surfaces, wash it off immediately with water.

7. Remove the master cylinder assembly (1) from the mounting position and carefully maneuver the hydraulic pipe from the engine compartment.



8. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

08

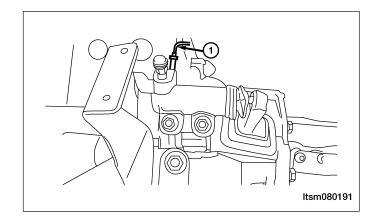
## **Clutch Slave Cylinder**

### **Removal & Installation**

#### NOTE:

After replacing the slave cylinder, it is necessary to make sure brake master cylinder fluid level is full and the reservoir cap is installed tightly.

 Remove the clutch master cylinder outlet pipe (1) from the clutch slave cylinder. (Tighten: Outlet pipe bolt to 17 ± 1 N·m)

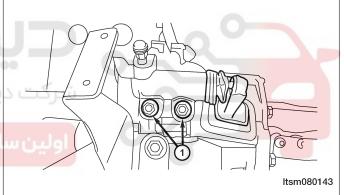


2. Remove the clutch slave cylinder bolts (1) from the transaxle housing.

(Tighten: Clutch slave cylinder bolts to 11 ± 1 N·m)



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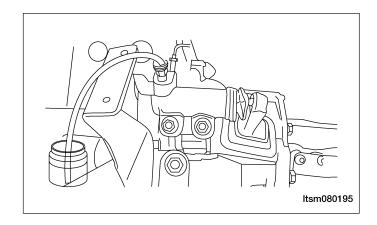


- 3. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- 4. Bleed the hydraulic clutch (See Bleeding Hydraulic Clutch in Section 08 Transaxle). **NOTE:** Check pipes for leakage of brake fluid.

# **Bleeding Hydraulic Clutch**

## **Operation**

 Verify fluid level in brake master cylinder. Top off with DOT 4 brake fluid as necessary. Leave cap off



- 2. Raise the vehicle on hoist.
- Remove the bleed port protective cap and install a suitable size and length of clear hose to monitor and divert fluid into a suitable container.
- 4. Loosen the bleed port (1).



- 5. Actuate the clutch pedal until the brake master cylinder fluid drains from the bleed port.
- 6. Depress the clutch pedal, tighten the bleed port.
- 7. From driver's seat, actuate the clutch pedal until the hydraulic clutch system has pressure.
- 8. Depress the clutch pedal, loosen the bleed port and bleed the brake master cylinder fluid.
- 9. Repeat steps 6 to 8 several times until there is no air in the hydraulic clutch system.

#### NOTE:

Do not allow clutch master cylinder to run dry while fluid exits bleed port.

- 10. Close the hydraulic bleed port, remove the drain hose and replace the dust cap on the bleed port.
- 11. Top off the brake master cylinder fluid level with DOT 4 brake fluid as necessary.

### **CAUTION:**

During the bleeding process, make sure the brake master cylinder fluid is always full.

# **TRANSFER CASE (4X4)**

GENERAL INFORMATION	08-327 08-327 08-327	TRANSFER CASE UNIT REPAIR	08-329
Description Operation		Transfer Case Disassembly	08-329 08-329
ON-VEHICLE SERVICE	08-328	Assembly	08-331
Transfer Case	08-328		
Removal & Installation	08-328		



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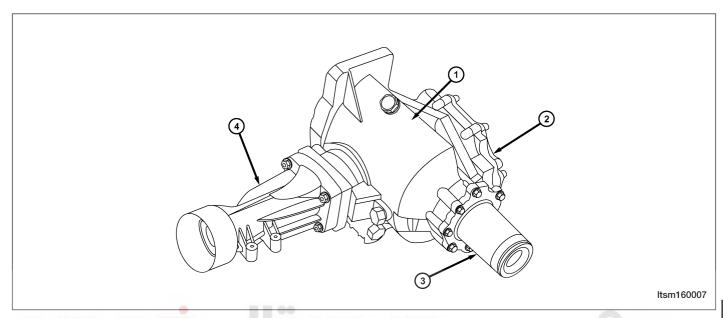


## 80

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

## **Description**

Transfer case is attached to the transaxle housing.



- 1 Transaxle Housing
- 2 Rear Transaxle Cover

- 3 Axle Shaft Guide
- 4 Front Different Housing

## Operation

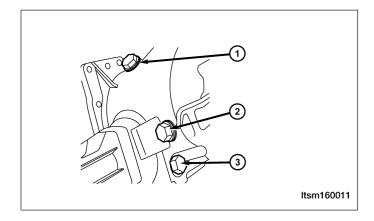
The transfer case transfers the torque output from the transaxle to the ITM controller.

## **ON-VEHICLE SERVICE**

### **Transfer Case**

#### **Removal & Installation**

- 1. Drain the gear fluid from the transfer case.
  - Fluid-filling plug (1)
  - Fluid-limiting plug (2)
  - Fluid-drain plug (3)



- 2. Remove the front intermediate drive shaft assembly.
- 3. Remove the sub-frame assembly.
- 4. Remove the left and right front axle shaft mounting bolts (1).



- 5. Remove the transaxle and transfer case assembly (See Transaxle Assembly Removal & Installation in Section 08 Transaxle).
- 6. Remove the transfer case from the transaxle (8 bolts). (Tighten: Transaxle and transfer case bolts to 80 N⋅m)
- 7. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

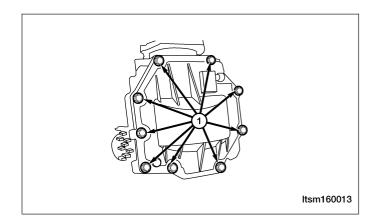
## 80

## TRANSFER CASE UNIT REPAIR

## **Transfer Case**

## **Disassembly**

1. Remove the front housing. Loosen 9 bolts (1) of the housing, then remove the housing. (Tighten: Transfer case front housing bolts to  $35~\mathrm{N\cdot m}$ )



2. Remove the small rear housing components.

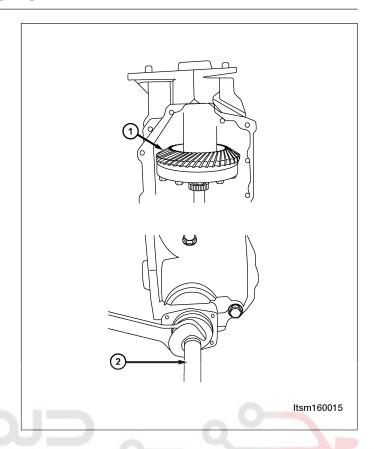
Loosen the 4 bolts (1) and remove the rear housing components.

(Tighton: Pear intermediate shaft and rear different



## TRANSFER CASE UNIT REPAIR

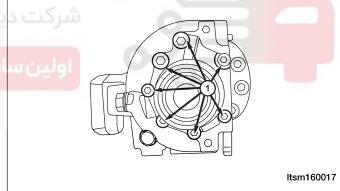
3. Lock up the drive gear (1) and loosen the driven gear axle (2) locking nut.



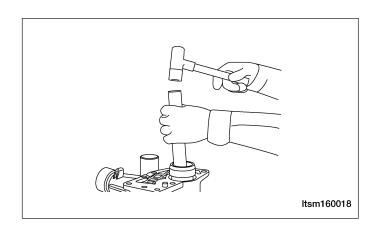
 Loosen the 7 bolts (1) and remove the right bearing support components.

(Tighten: Transfer case right bearing support bolts to 35 N·m)

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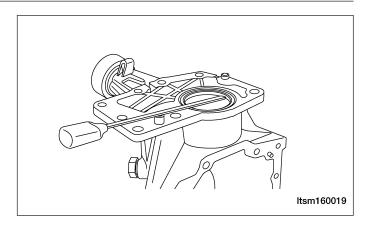


5. Remove the input clutch and the drive gear. Remove the retainer ring of the input clutch with snap-ring pliers; punch the output end out of the input clutch with a copper punch, and remove the input clutch and the drive gear.



#### TRANSFER CASE UNIT REPAIR

6. Remove the fluid seal of the input clutch. Pry out the fluid seal with a slotted screwdriver.



## Assembly

- 1. Put a standard-sized 1.4 mm adjusting shim from the front bearing driven gear axle into the transfer case housing. Press in the front outer bearing race of the driven gear axle, then the rear outer bearing race, and press the front bearing of the driven gear axle into the driven gear axle; then put it into the collar and press in the rear inner bearing race. Attach the locknut, and adjust the tightening torque of the driven gear by adjusting the locknut until the driven gear axle can be driven with a torque of 1.0-1.5 N·m.
- 2. Assemble the flange axle. Link the drive gear ring of the transfer case to the flange axle with a mounting bolt, tighten the bolt to 110 N·m. Install the bearing to the left of the flange axle and the bearing to the left of the right bearing seat.
- 3. Choose the 2.4 mm standard-sized adjusting shim for the left bearing for the flange axle. Put the adjusting shim for the right bearing for the flange axle, the outer bearing race to the left of the flange axle and the flange axle 08 into the transfer case.

Measure the distance (A) from the contact surface of the right bearing seat and the transfer case to the right bearing seat and the left bearing's right end surface.

Measure the distance (B) from the contact surface of the right bearing seat and the transfer case to the place where the right and left bearings on the right bearing seat.

- 4. Calculate the thickness value of the adjusting gasket S = A B.
- 5. Select the adjusting gasket: S + (0.05 0.10) mm.
- 6. Assembly of the right bearing seat.

Assemble the right bearing to the right bearing seat, install the retainer ring of the right bearing to the right bearing seat, install the fluid seals to the left and right of the right bearing seat, install the O-ring and link the right bearing seat to the transfer case housing with the bolt. Tighten the bolt to 35 N·m. The subassembly should be able to rotate with 3.0-5.0 N·m torque.

- 7. Adjust the hypoid gear engagement: first, spread red lead powder on the teeth of the driven bevel gear so that there will appear red prints on both working sides of the gear teeth of the driving bevel gear when turning it by hand. If the gear pattern prints on both engaging sides of the drive gear ring is higher than the center of the gear height near to the small end and occupy over 60% of the gear tooth width, then the pattern is correct; and the backlash between various gear teeth should fall between 0.13 mm and 0.18 mm.
  - A: If the clearance between one lateral side of a tooth and that of the adjacent tooth are not correct, choose bearing shims to the left and right of the flange axle, repeat procedures 3, 4 and 5 to measure the clearance between one lateral side of a tooth and that of the adjacent tooth on the hypoid gear until the adjustment is correct.
  - B: If the gear pattern print leans to the tooth tip, replace the adjusting shim from the front bearing of the driven gear to a thicker 1 mm; If the gear pattern print leans to the tooth root, then get the adjusting shim of the front bearing of driven gear axle needs to be subtracted by 1 mm. Examine the gear pattern print, repeat procedures 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 until the gear pattern is correct.
- 8. Assemble the transfer case front shell, and tighten to 35 N·m.
- 9. Assemble the transfer case small rear housing onto the transfer case, and tighten to 35 N·m.
- 10. Assemble the input clutch fluid seal, O-ring, retainer ring and the input clutch; install the transfer case onto the transaxle and tighten to 80 N·m.

NOTE: When assembling bearings and fluid seals, it is necessary to apply lubricating grease. The sealing surface of the housing must have sealant applied.